

Profile

United Urban Investment Corporation ("United Urban") was incorporated on November 4, 2003, under the Law Concerning Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations of Japan. On December 22, 2003 United Urban was listed (Securities Code: 8960) on the J-REIT section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

In order to secure steady earnings over the medium to long term, United Urban creates a comprehensive portfolio that is diversified in terms of the types of use and areas of location, and it manages its assets in a way that mitigates risks involved.

Diversification by type of property

United Urban invests principally in real estates used as retail properties, office buildings, hotels, and residential properties and others.

Diversification by region

United Urban invests in real estate in principal cities throughout Japan, including the Tokyo metropolitan area and certain big cities so designated by Government, and surrounding areas thereof.



Contents

To Our Unitholders		1
Financial Highlights		2
Portfolio Highlights		3
Overview of Investment	Corporation	4
Topics of the Seventh Fis	scal Period	6
Subsequent Events		7
Portfolio Properties		10
Profile of Asset Manager	ment Company	23
Performance Report		27
Financial Section		51

To Our Unitholders



Yasuhiro Tanaka
Executive Officer,
United Urban Investment Corporation



Hisamitsu AbeChairman of the Board,
CEO of Japan REIT Advisors Co., Ltd.

We are delighted to present this report on our activities during our seventh fiscal period: the six-month period ended May 31, 2007.

Thanks to the sustained support of all our unitholders, United Urban was able to achieve operating revenues of $\pm 6,408$ million, operating income of $\pm 3,278$ million, and net income of $\pm 2,807$ million. As a result, the distribution to unitholders was $\pm 17,558$ per unit.

In collaboration with Japan REIT Advisors Co., Ltd. ("JRA"), to which the conduct of asset management is entrusted, we will continue to implement United Urban's investment policies with the aim of securing steady earnings over the medium to long term. We hope to receive your ongoing support and goodwill for our endeavors.

Financial Highlights

Millions of yen, except per unit information

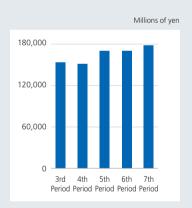
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	7th Fiscal Period (December 1, 2006-) May 31, 2007	6th Fiscal Period (June 1, 2006- (November 30, 2006)	5th Fiscal Period (December 1, 2005-) May 31, 2006	4th Fiscal Period (June 1, 2005- (November 30, 2005)	3rd Fiscal Period (December 1, 2004-) May 31, 2005
Operating revenues	¥ 6,408	¥ 6,295	¥ 5,749	¥ 5,605	¥ 5,320
Operating income	¥ 3,278	¥ 3,148	¥ 2,904	¥ 2,794	¥ 2,794
Income before income taxes	¥ 2,808	¥ 2,750	¥ 2,574	¥ 2,386	¥ 2,344
Net income	¥ 2,807	¥ 2,749	¥ 2,573	¥ 2,385	¥ 2,340
Cash distributions	¥ 2,807	¥ 2,749	¥ 2,573	¥ 2,385	¥ 2,340
Cash distribution per unit (Yen)	¥ 17,558	¥ 17,197	¥ 16,100	¥ 14,919	¥ 14,638
Dividend payout ratio (%)	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	99.9
Total assets	¥ 177,687	¥ 169,798	¥ 169,554	¥ 151,462	¥ 153,740
Total unitholders' equity	¥ 92,645	¥ 92,588	¥ 92,412	¥ 92,223	¥ 92,178
Unitholders' equity per unit (Yen)	¥ 579,601	¥ 579,240	¥ 578,143	¥ 576,962	¥ 576,681

Note: United Urban's 3rd fiscal period was for 182 days from December 1, 2004 to May 31, 2005, the 4th fiscal period was for 183 days from June 1, 2005 to November 30, 2005, the 5th fiscal period was for 182 days from December 1, 2005 to May 31, 2006, the 6th fiscal period was for 183 days from June 1, 2006 to November 30, 2006 and, the 7th fiscal period was for 182 days from December 1, 2006 to May 31, 2007.

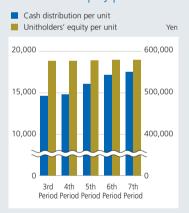
Operating revenues / Net income



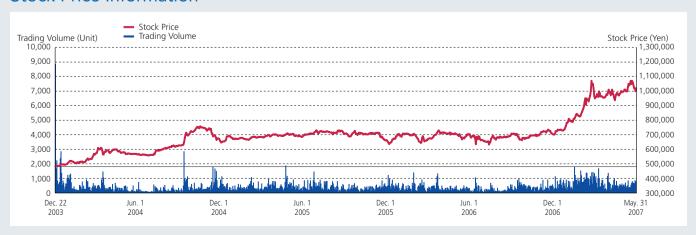
Total assets



Cash distribution per unit / Unitholders' equity per unit

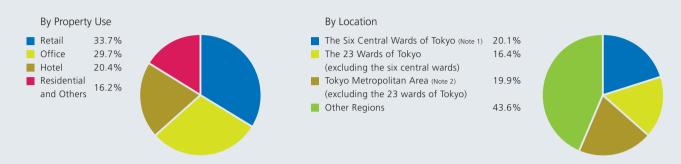


Stock Price Information



Portfolio Highlights

Portfolio Breakdown (As of May 31, 2007)



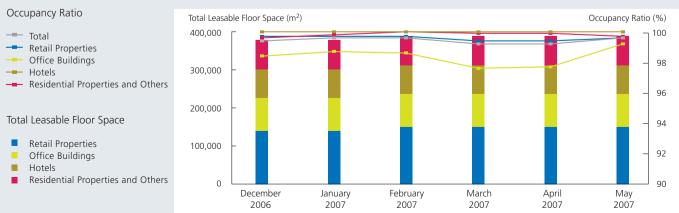
Notes: 1. The "six central wards of Tokyo" are Chiyoda, Minato, Chuo, Shinjuku, Shibuya and Shinagawa wards.
2. "Tokyo metropolitan area" refers to the Tokyo metropolitan area (Tokyo, Kanagawa, Chiba, Saitama, Ibaraki, Tochigi and Yamanashi) excluding the 23 wards of Tokyo.

Occupancy Ratio

	2006	2007				
	December	January	February	March	April	May
Retail Properties	99.7%	99.7%	99.7%	99.4%	99.4%	99.6%
Office Buildings	98.4%	98.7%	98.6%	97.6%	97.7%	99.2%
Hotels	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Residential Properties and Others	99.6%	99.8%	100.0%	99.9%	99.9%	99.7%
Total	99.4%	99.6%	99.6%	99.2%	99.2%	99.6%

Note: "Occupancy Ratio" is rounded to the nearest one decimal place.

Trends in Total Leasable Floor Space and Occupancy Ratios



Comprehensive Portfolio Structured to Generate Steady Earnings Maximizing Unitholder Return

United Urban endeavors to secure steady earnings over the medium to long term. To this end, United Urban aims to establish and develop an optimal investment portfolio of real estate assets in terms of types of use (including retail properties, office buildings, hotels and residential properties and others) and area of location (located in the Tokyo metropolitan area and major Japanese cities including government designated cities, and surrounding areas thereof) in tune with economic conditions and trends of the real estate market and other factors. In concert with changes in the general economy and real estate market trends, United Urban makes every effort to minimize risk.





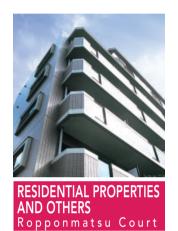


OFFICES

SK Nagoya Buildin

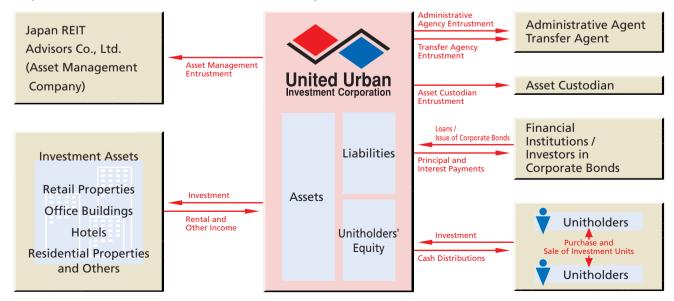






- 1. A diversified portfolio with investments in various types of use located in various areas
- 2. An optimal investment portfolio in tune with market trends
- 3. The support of an asset management company well versed in real estate and financial markets

Corporate Structure of Investment Corporation



Merits of a Comprehensive Investment Policy

United Urban believes that its comprehensive investment policy offers advantages such as the following.

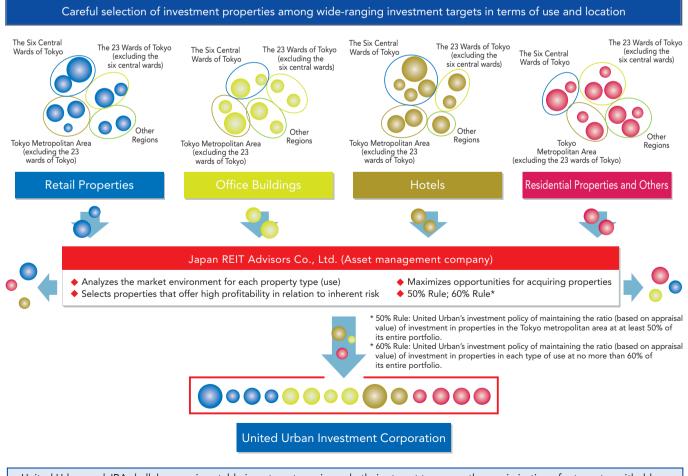
- Stability of earnings
- Spreads the impact of changes such as those in the market environment for specific property types or regions. Reduces the risk of loss from natural disasters and other such events.
- External growth potential
- Opportunities for external growth are enhanced by the absence of limits on property types acquired for investment and by vigorous regional diversification.

Capabilities of an Asset Management Company Able to Build an Optimal Investment Portfolio

The management personnel and staff of Japan REIT Advisors Co., Ltd. ("JRA"), which United Urban has entrusted to conduct its asset management, comprise the following.

- Personnel from the Marubeni Group with extensive expertise in the field of real estate, including its development, purchase, management and sale
- Personnel with comprehensive investment experience gained in financial institutions

United Urban is confident that, with these experts forming its core personnel for the conduct of its asset management activities, it is able to build an optimal investment portfolio.



United Urban and JRA shall, by securing stable investment earnings, do their utmost to ensure the maximization of returns to unitholders.

United Urban Investment Corporation

Topics of the Seventh Fiscal Period



A8 Miyamae Shopping Center

Address 3-9-12 Inukura, Miyamae-ku,

Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa

 Site Area
 6,937.55 m²

 Total Floor Space
 17,338.54 m²

Construction RC
Number of Floors 4F

Completed October 1993

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership

Building: Proprietary Ownership



The property is a retail property which is located on a corner lot of highway intersection with high visibility. The commercial sphere of the property has a high residential density for its location in the outskirts of the Tokyo metropolitan area. In fact, its population still continues to increase. Furthermore, it provides a favorable market inhabited by people with relatively high income levels. Therefore, the stable continuing rental demand is expected for this property.

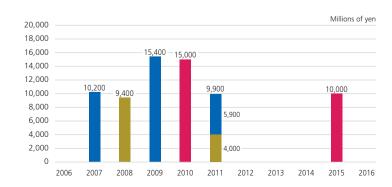
■ Refinance

United Urban procured debt financing for the repayment of the existing debt and for the working funds on December 20, 2006. This led to the further financial stabilization with the lengthening of debts and the decentralization of repayment term.

The financial status as of May 31, 2007 was as follows;

Ratio of liabilities to total assets	39.34%
Weighted average remaining maturity of interest-bearing liabilities	3.33 year
Weighted average rate of interest-bearing liabilities	1.27%
Long-term/short-term ratio of interest-bearing liabilities (contract base)	long-term:short-term=100:0
Amount of corporate bond issued	5 years bond: ¥15,000 million 10 years bond: ¥10,000 million (issued on July 12, 2005)
Committed line of credit (Note)	¥2,000 million

Note: This committed line of credit agreement was terminated on June 22, 2007 with expiry of term, and a new committed line of credit totaling ¥10,000 million was concluded on June 25, 2007.





Subsequent Events

■ New Committed Line of Credit

As a committed line of credit agreement (maximum loan amount: ¥2,000 million) which was concluded on June 26, 2006 to procure expeditious and stable financing method, was terminated on June 22, 2007 with expiry of term, United Urban concluded a new committed line of credit agreement as set forth below (maximum loan amount: ¥10,000 million) in view of United Urban's asset size and risk of refinancing.

This will lead to the immediate debt financing regarding acquisition of property and the reduction in risk of refinancing. Moreover, this will promote to squeeze surplus funds and enable to implement cash management effectively.

Participating Financial Institution	Maximum Loan Amount	Contract Period	Collateral
The Sumitomo Trust and Banking Co., Ltd. Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd. The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd. Shinsei Bank, Limited	¥10,000 million	From June 25, 2007 to June 25, 2008	Unsecured Unguaranteed

■ New Acquisition after the End of the Seventh Fiscal Period

A9 KONAMI SPORTS CLUB Korigaoka

Address 3-3-1 Korigaoka, Hirakata-shi,

Osaka

Site Area 4,120.00 m²
Total Floor Space 6,381.40 m²

Construction S
Number of Floors 4F

Completed December, 2006

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership

Building: Proprietary Ownership













The property is a retail property which is located at a residential area in the south of Hirakata City surrounded by highways. The surrounding area has a high residential density because of many apartment complexes and condominiums, and there are many shops which are convenient for living in this area such as supermarkets, convenience stores and restaurants. Therefore, these are forming a good market. This property has good access not only by foot but also by automobile because of securing on the premise parking lot. This property is expected to have stable rental demand as a fitness club in the favorable location. This property has a twenty-year long-term lease agreement with a well-known company, Konami Sports & Life Co., Ltd. (its holding company, KONAMI CORPORATION, is listed on the first section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange). Therefore, a stable occupancy ratio is expected.

Planned Acquisition (The sale and purchase agreements have been concluded after the end of the seventh fiscal period)

D18 UUR Court Sapporo Shinoro Ichibankan



Address 6-chome, Shinoro 3-jo, Kita-ku, Sapporo-shi,

Hokkaido

Site Area 3,340.48 m²

Total Floor Space 6,271.23 m² (Scheduled)

Construction RC (Scheduled)

Number of Floors 10F (Scheduled)

Completed October, 2008 (Scheduled)

Number of Units Available for Lease

72 units (Scheduled (excluding stores))

Type of Ownership

Land: Proprietary Ownership

Building: Proprietary Ownership



D19 UUR Court Sapporo Shinoro Nibankan

Address 6-chome Shinoro 3-jo, Kita-ku, Sapporo-shi,

Hokkaido

Site Area 3,065.72 m²

Total Floor Space 6,265.67 m² (Scheduled)

ConstructionRC (Scheduled)Number of Floors10F (Scheduled)CompletedJune, 2009 (Scheduled)

Number of Units
Available for Lease
72 units (Scheduled (excluding offices))

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership

Building: Proprietary Ownership

These properties are two rental housings of three apartment buildings (the remaining one will be subdivided and sold) to be constructed under a private urban redevelopment project, "The First-Class Urban Redevelopment Project in JR Shinoro Station West Second District." The redevelopment project covers an area of approximately 2.1 hectares of the west gateway of the JR Shinoro Station. This is a redevelopment project which is conducted with a core of new public housing. The main purpose of the project is to create a residential zone which is convenient and highly habitable based on its proximity to the station through joint improvement of the transportation infrastructure, such as the station plaza and the station road by Sapporo City.



Notes: 1. Both UUR Court Sapporo Shinoro Ichibankan and UUR Court Sapporo Shinoro Nibankan are properties under construction, with the completion of the former scheduled in October 2008, and the latter in June 2009. To ensure profitability for the properties as acquired, an agreement on the transfer of trust beneficial interest in real estate was concluded for each of the properties, on the following conditions:

- . Construction of the building should be completed in conformity with the drawings as at the time of conclusion of the agreement on the transfer of trust beneficial interest in real estate.
- A building lease agreement on Sapporo City-leased council housing should be concluded by and between the Asset Custodian and Sapporo City, as under "Agreement on Provision of Sapporo City-Leased Council Housing" (concluded on June 27, 2007 regarding "Ichibankan", and to be concluded regarding "Nibankan").
- Acquisition of UUR Court Sapporo Shinoro Ichibankan and UUR Court Sapporo Shinoro Nibankan will be effected only after an appraisal price is obtained for each of them with a
 specified date preceding the scheduled completion date as the base date of appraisal, and if the acquisition price mentioned above is widely different from the appraisal price thus
 obtained, the acquisition price of the trust beneficial interest in the relevant property is renegotiated and the acquisition price of the trust beneficial interest in the relevant property
 is increased or decreased accordingly.
- 3. These graphical contents are created based on design drawings. Accordingly, the actual buildings are subject to change.



Note: This graphical content is created based on design drawings. Accordingly, the actual buildings are subject to change.

Approach to Socially Significant Projects based on CSR (Corporate Social Responsibility)

One of the reasons behind United Urban's decision to acquire these properties is that this is a highly public and socially significant urban redevelopment project, despite being driven by the private sector, with Sapporo City planning to operate the properties as council housing.

In the light of its public role as a REIT, a Real Estate Investment Trust, which affords preferential treatment in terms of corporate income taxes, real property acquisition taxes, and other taxes, subject to the satisfaction of certain requirements, United Urban believes in working together with society to achieve harmony and mutual benefit while pursuing its own sustainable growth. In other words, United Urban recognizes the necessity of CSR in its capacity as a REIT. In line with this policy, United Urban is committed to pursuing an active role in projects holding social significance, and judges the above mentioned properties that they meet its philosophy.

United Urban continues to promote the realization of CSR as a listed REIT, and to grow by aiming to maximize investor returns.

Portfolio Map





Daiei Himonya



Joy Park Izumigaoka



Daimaru Peacock Re-LAND Ashiya-Kawanishi Ten

Shopping

Marumasu

Koujimachi

Building

Center



Diamond City TENJIN LUCE Value

Rokuban-Cho

K Building



Tecc Land



Yamada Denki Sakai Honten

Miyamae

Shopping

Narashino

Residence

GRAND-

Center



Kawasaki Central Tower Toshiba

Building

Shin-Osaka

(Note 2)

Hamamatsu-Cho Building

Shinjuku Washington



Shin-Osaka Central Tower Hotel—Honkan (Note 2)

SK Nagoya Building



Toyoko Inn



Fukuoka

Eartheon

Building

Shinagawa-Eki Takanawaguchi













Maison Ukima

Properties and Others

Hotels

T&G Higashi-Ikebukuro Mansion

D10

UUR Court



Mansion

D11

Soga

D3 Excellia Magome



Court

D13

Dormitory Shinkan Ichigoukan

Nanzan Court

Komazawa

D14

Nanzan Court

Nigoukan



D6 Sky Court Shiba-Daimon



CLIO Bunkyo

Koishikawa

D16 Lilycolor Tohoku Branch



- 2. Shin-Osaka Central Tower includes the office portion and the hotel portion.
- 3. The sale and purchase agreements have been concluded about these properties. However, these properties haven't been acquired yet.

Higashikurume



10 United Urban Investment Corporation United Urban Investment Corporation 11

Portfolio Roster

(As of May 31, 2007)

- 0. 0	(As of May 31, 20)				
No.	Туре	Name of Property (Note 1)	Acquisition Price (Millions of yen) (Note 2)	Share in Total Acquisition Price (%)	Share in Type (%)
A1		Daiei Himonya	15,300	9.5%	
A2		Joy Park Izumigaoka	6,770	4.2%	
A3	•	Daimaru Peacock Ashiya-Kawanishi Ten	769	0.5%	
A4	Retail	Re-LAND Shopping Center	5,200	3.2%	22.70/
A5	Properties	Diamond City Value	11,100	6.9%	33.7%
A6	•	TENJIN LUCE	6,500	4.0%	
A7	•	Yamada Denki Tecc Land Sakai Honten	3,210	2.0%	
A8	•	Miyamae Shopping Center	5,312	3.3%	
B1		T&G Hamamatsu-Cho Building	2,257	1.4%	
B2		SK Nagoya Building	5,400	3.4%	
В3	O.(.	Fukuoka Eartheon Building	2,080	1.3%	
B4	Office	Marumasu Koujimachi Building	2,350	1.5%	29.7%
B5	- Buildings	Rokuban-Cho K Building	2,150	1.3%	
B6		Shin-Osaka Central Tower (office portion)	14,279	8.9%	
B7		Kawasaki Toshiba Building	19,200	12.0%	
C1		Shinjuku Washington Hotel—Honkan	21,100	13.1%	
(B6)	Hotels	Shin-Osaka Central Tower (hotel portion)	9,721	6.0%	20.4%
C2		Toyoko Inn Shinagawa-Eki Takanawaguchi	1,884	1.2%	
D1		T&G Higashi-Ikebukuro Mansion	2,021	1.3%	
D2		T&G Yotsuya Mansion	1,355	0.8%	
D3		Excellia Magome	697	0.4%	
D4		Komazawa Court	1,680	1.0%	
D5		Ropponmatsu Court	757	0.5%	
D6		Sky Court Shiba-Daimon	1,175	0.7%	
D7		Maison Ukima	3,530	2.2%	
D8	Residential	Narashino Residence	1,140	0.7%	
D9	Properties	Aprile Shin-Ohgi Ichibankan	3,031	1.9%	16.2%
D10	and Others	UUR Court Sapporo Kitasanjo	1,278	0.8%	
D11		Soga Dormitory	620	0.4%	
D12		Higashikurume Dormitory Shinkan	480	0.3%	
D13		Nanzan Court Ichigoukan	1,070	0.7%	
D14		Nanzan Court Nigoukan	450	0.3%	
D15		CLIO Bunkyo Koishikawa	3,170	2.0%	
D16		Lilycolor Tohoku Branch	2,050	1.3%	
D17		GRAND-ROUGE Sakae	1,570	1.0%	
		Total	160,655	100%	100%

Notes: 1. Among the above properties, United Urban acquired "Toyoko-Inn Shinagawa-Eki Takanawaguchi" and "Yamada Denki Tecc Land Sakai Honten" in the form of real estate, and all others in the form of trust beneficiary rights.

^{2.} The acquisition prices above are amounts (the amounts stated in the sales contracts, excluding consumption taxes) that exclude the expenses (e.g. agency fees, public taxes and impositions) necessary for making the relevant acquisitions, and are rounded to the nearest one million yen.



A1 Daiei Himonya

Address 4-1-1 Himonya, Meguro-ku, Tokyo

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Site Area} & 5,249.86 \text{ m}^2 \\ \text{Total Floor Space} & 27,032.50 \text{ m}^2 \end{array}$

Construction SRC

Number of Floors B1 / 7F

Completed March 1975

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership

Building: Proprietary Ownership







A2 Joy Park Izumigaoka

Address 1-3 Miharadai 1-cho, Minami-ku, Sakai-shi, Osaka

Site Area 10,368.45 m²
Total Floor Space 29,250.71 m²
Construction RC / S
Number of Floors 5F

Completed November 2000

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership

Building: Proprietary Ownership



A3 Daimaru Peacock Ashiya-Kawanishi Ten

Address 3-28 Kawanishicho, Ashiya-shi, Hyogo

Site Area 3,455.30 m² Total Floor Space 1,488.28 m²

Construction S
Number of Floors 1F
Completed April 1997

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership



A4 Re-LAND Shopping Center

Address 7-2-2 Fujiwara, Funabashi-shi, Chiba

Site Area 5,198.20 m²
Total Floor Space 12,944.65 m²

Construction SRC

Number of Floors B2 / 5F

Completed March 1998

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership

Building: Proprietary Ownership



A5 Diamond City Value

Address 1-1 Gohnoe, Ogawa-machi, Uki-shi, Kumamoto

Site Area $173,498.31 \text{ m}^2$ Total Floor Space $63,058.78 \text{ m}^2$ Construction S (Note)Number of Floors 2F (Note)

Completed October 1997 (Note)

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership and Term Leasehold Interest

Building: Proprietary Ownership Note: Data applicable to the main building



A6 TENJIN LUCE

Address 2-3-24 Tenjin, Chuo-ku, Fukuoka-shi, Fukuoka

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Site Area} & 1,138.66 \text{ m}^2 \\ \text{Total Floor Space} & 5,369.70 \text{ m}^2 \\ \text{Construction} & \text{RC} \end{array}$

Number of Floors B1 / 7F Completed November 2005

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership







A7 Yamada Denki Tecc Land Sakai Honten

Address 5-1 Yashimocho 1-cho, Higashi-ku, Sakai-shi, Osaka

Site Area 10,702.86 m² Total Floor Space 8,637.63 m²

Construction S
Number of Floors 3F
Completed May 2002

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership

Building: Proprietary Ownership



A8 Miyamae Shopping Center

Address 3-9-12 Inukura, Miyamae-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Site Area} & 6,937.55 \text{ m}^2 \\ \text{Total Floor Space} & 17,338.54 \text{ m}^2 \end{array}$

Construction RC
Number of Floors 4F

Completed October 1993

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership

Building: Proprietary Ownership



B1 T&G Hamamatsu-Cho Building

Address 2-12-10 Shiba-Daimon, Minato-ku, Tokyo

Site Area 453.81 m²
Total Floor Space 3,296.58 m²
Construction SRC
Number of Floors B1 / 9F

Completed December 1988

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership

Building: Proprietary Ownership



B2 SK Nagoya Building

Address 1-3-7 Nishiki, Naka-ku, Nagoya-shi, Aichi

Site Area 1,361.96 m²

Total Floor Space 11,795.38 m²

Construction SRC

Number of Floors B1 / 9F

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership

February 1986

Building: Compartmentalized Proprietary Ownership

(Percentage of ownership: 100%)



B3 Fukuoka Eartheon Building

Address 3-6-3 Hakata-Eki Higashi, Hakata-ku, Fukuoka-shi, Fukuoka

Site Area 1,358.91 m²
Total Floor Space 6,079.35 m²

Construction SRC
Number of Floors 7F

Completed September 1998

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership

Building: Proprietary Ownership



B4 Marumasu Koujimachi Building

Address 3-3-8 Koujimachi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo

Site Area 703.24 m²
Total Floor Space 5,218.55 m²
Construction SRC / RC
Number of Floors B1 / 9F

Completed September 1989

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership (Common ownership)

Building: Compartmentalized Proprietary Ownership



B5 Rokuban-Cho K Building

Address 2 Rokuban-cho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo

Site Area 689.70 m²
Total Floor Space 4,031.14 m²
Construction SRC
Number of Floors B1 / 7F

Completed December 1988

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership



B6 Shin-Osaka Central Tower

Address 5-5-15 Nishi-Nakashima, Yodogawa-ku,

Osaka-shi, Osaka

 Site Area
 7,265.79 m²

 Total Floor Space
 58,882.64 m²

Construction SRC
Number of Floors B1 / 23F
Completed June 1989

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership

Building: Proprietary Ownership







B7 Kawasaki Toshiba Building

Address 580-1 Horikawa-cho, Saiwai-ku, Kawasaki-shi,

Kanagawa

Site Area 8,615.20 m²
Total Floor Space 51,254.06 m²
Construction S / RC / SRC
Number of Floors B2 / 14F
Completed April 1987

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership





C1 Shinjuku Washington Hotel—Honkan







Address 3-2-9 Nishi-Shinjuku, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo

Site Area 6,215.31 m²
Total Floor Space 59,985.37 m²
Construction S / SRC
Number of Floors B4 / 25F
Number of Rooms 1,296 Rooms
Completed October 1983

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership (Part common ownership)

Building: Compartmentalized Proprietary Ownership (Part common ownership)

C2 Toyoko Inn Shinagawa-Eki Takanawaguchi

Address 4-23-2 Takanawa, Minato-ku, Tokyo

Site Area 482.10 m²
Total Floor Space 2,928.94 m²
Construction SRC
Number of Floors 14F
Number of Rooms 180 Rooms
Completed October 1999

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership



D1 T&G Higashi-Ikebukuro Mansion

Address 3-8-8 Higashi-Ikebukuro, Toshima-ku, Tokyo

 Site Area
 398.82 m²

 Total Floor Space
 3,300.18 m²

 Construction
 SRC

 Number of Floors
 B1 / 14F

 Number of Units Available for Lease
 129 units

 Completed
 December 2001

Type of Ownership

Land: Proprietary Ownership

Building: Proprietary Ownership

D2 T&G Yotsuya Mansion

Address 10-7 Arakicho, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo

Site Area777.40 m²Total Floor Space2,081.19 m²ConstructionRCNumber of FloorsB1 / 8FNumber of Units Available for Lease78 unitsCompletedMay 2002

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership

Building: Proprietary Ownership

D3 Excellia Magome

Address 5-20-2 Minami-Magome, Ota-ku, Tokyo

 Site Area
 371.29 m²

 Total Floor Space
 1,110.97 m²

 Construction
 RC

 Number of Floors
 7F

 Number of Units Available for Lease
 44 units

 Completed
 February 2002

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership (Site rights)

Building: Compartmentalized Proprietary Ownership (Percentage of ownership: 100%)

D4 Komazawa Court

Address 2-37-1 Komazawa, Setagaya-ku, Tokyo

Site Area2,943.33 m²Total Floor Space3,580.44 m²ConstructionRCNumber of Floors3FNumber of Units Available for Lease95 unitsCompletedOctober 1998

Type of Ownership

Land: Proprietary Ownership

Building: Proprietary Ownership

D5 Ropponmatsu Court

Address 4-3-11 Ropponmatsu, Chuo-ku, Fukuoka-shi, Fukuoka

 Site Area
 1,738.67 m²

 Total Floor Space
 3,294.36 m²

 Construction
 RC

 Number of Floors
 6F

 Number of Units Available for Lease
 100 units

 Completed
 March 1994

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership











D6 Sky Court Shiba-Daimon

1-2-3 Shiba-Daimon, Minato-ku, Tokyo

233.66 m² Site Area 1,486.38 m² Total Floor Space SRC Construction Number of Floors 12F Number of Units Available for Lease 54 units Completed April 2003

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership

Building: Proprietary Ownership

D7 Maison Ukima

1-3-1 Ukima, Kita-ku, Tokyo Address

6,456.64 m² Site Area 12,691.43 m² **Total Floor Space** SRC Construction Number of Floors 12F Number of Units Available for Lease 147 units Completed March 1992

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership

Building: Proprietary Ownership

D8 Narashino Residence

4-83-10 Narashinodai, Funabashi-shi, Chiba Address

Site Area 3,948.67 m² Total Floor Space 6.840.86 m² SRC Construction B1 / 8F Number of Floors Number of Units Available for Lease 87 units Completed February 1990

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership

Building: Proprietary Ownership

D9 Aprile Shin-Ohgi Ichibankan

2-10-6 Kita-Ohgi, Higashi Nada-ku, Kobe-shi, Hyogo Address

3,329.45 m² Site Area 12,700.44 m² **Total Floor Space** SRC Construction Number of Floors 14F Number of Units Available for Lease 161 units September 1997 Completed

Land: Proprietary Ownership Type of Ownership

Building: Proprietary Ownership

D10 UUR Court Sapporo Kitasanjo

Address 3-1-28 Kitasanjo Higashi, Chuo-ku, Sapporo-shi, Hokkaido

1,249.45 m² Site Area **Total Floor Space** 6,588.72 m² Construction Number of Floors B1 / 14F Number of Units Available for Lease 130 units Completed February 2006

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership











D11 Soga Dormitory

Address 2-3-5 Minami-cho, Chuo-ku, Chiba-shi, Chiba

 Site Area
 1,990.13 m²

 Total Floor Space
 2,931.14 m²

 Construction
 RC

 Number of Floors
 6F

 Number of Units Available for Lease
 72 units

 Completed
 April 1993

Type of Ownership

Land: Proprietary Ownership

Building: Proprietary Ownership

D12 Higashikurume Dormitory Shinkan

Address 1-8-4 Hikawadai, Higashikurume-shi, Tokyo

Site Area2,635.52 m²Total Floor Space1,397.61 m²ConstructionRCNumber of FloorsB1 / 3FNumber of Units Available for Lease52 unitsCompletedMarch 1997

Type of Ownership

Land: Proprietary Ownership

Building: Proprietary Ownership

D13 Nanzan Court Ichigoukan

Address 6-8 Komagatacho, Showa-ku, Nagoya-shi, Aichi

 Site Area
 2,423.12 m²

 Total Floor Space
 3,551.60 m²

 Construction
 RC

 Number of Floors
 5F

 Number of Units Available for Lease
 98 units

 Completed
 March 1997

Type of Ownership

Land: Proprietary Ownership

Building: Proprietary Ownership

D14 Nanzan Court Nigoukan

Address 5-20 Komagatacho, Showa-ku, Nagoya-shi, Aichi

 Site Area
 1,137.18 m²

 Total Floor Space
 1,762.40 m²

 Construction
 RC

 Number of Floors
 5F

 Number of Units Available for Lease
 38 units

 Completed
 March 1999

Type of Ownership

Land: Proprietary Ownership

Building: Proprietary Ownership

D15 CLIO Bunkyo Koishikawa

Address 1-13-9 Koishikawa, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo

 Site Area
 814.54 m²

 Total Floor Space
 5,871.77 m²

 Construction
 SRC

 Number of Floors
 B1 / 15F

 Number of Units Available for Lease
 98 units

 Completed
 February 2005

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership (Site rights)

Building: Compartmentalized Proprietary Ownership (Percentage of ownership: 92.28%)











D16 Lilycolor Tohoku Branch

Address 3-10 Okadanishimachi, Miyagino-ku, Sendai-shi, Miyagi

 Site Area
 5,457.02 m²

 Total Floor Space
 8,693.79 m²

 Construction
 RC / S

 Number of Floors
 4F

 Completed
 April 1996

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership

Building: Proprietary Ownership



D17 GRAND-ROUGE Sakae

Address 5-21-26 Sakae, Naka-ku, Nagoya-shi, Aichi

Site Area 1,009.16 m²
Total Floor Space 3,912.49 m²
Construction RC
Number of Floors 10F
Number of Units Available for Lease 96 units
Completed March 2006

Type of Ownership Land: Proprietary Ownership



Profile of Asset Management Company



Name: Japan REIT Advisors Co., Ltd. ("JRA") Capital: ¥425 million (As of July 31, 2007)

Shareholders (As of July 31, 2007)

Name	Number of Shares Owned	Ownership (%)
Marubeni Corporation	4,335	51.0
Credit Suisse Principal Investments Limited, Tokyo Branch (Note)	3,740	44.0
Kyokuto Securities Co., Ltd.	425	5.0
Total	8,500	100.0

Note: "Credit Suisse First Boston Principal Investments Ltd." changed its corporate name to "Credit Suisse Principal Investments Limited" on December, 2006.

Management Policy, Investment Philosophy and Basic Policy

1. Investment Philosophy

JRA aims to build a real estate portfolio that is able to provide investors with stable earnings and maximize investor value over the medium to long term.

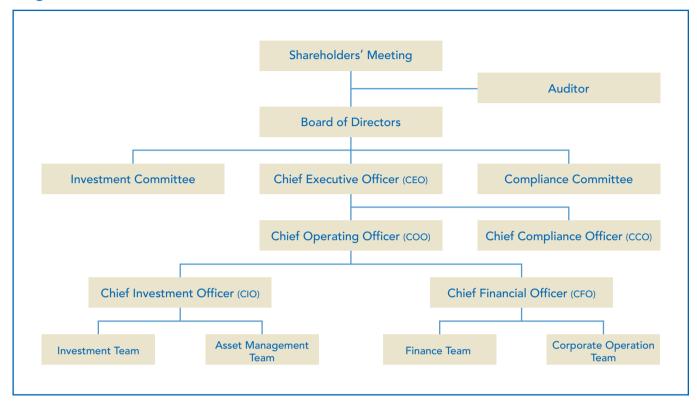
2. Management Stance

- JRA will fulfill its fiduciary duty to United Urban which entrusts asset management to JRA.
- In the acquisition of real estate, JRA will conduct full due diligence and invest in competitive real estate that are deemed high-quality assets.
- JRA will endeavor to maintain and enhance the value of the real estate held by United Urban.
- JRA will actively disclose information from the perspective of the investor and enhance the transparency of management.

3. Fund Concept

- Select superior properties located within Japan for the purpose of securing stable earnings over the medium to long term.
- Invest in diverse types of properties including retail properties, office buildings, hotels, and residential properties and others.
- Invest in real estate in the Tokyo metropolitan area and other major cities in Japan, including government-designated cities, and their surrounding areas.

Organization



Investment Team

- 1. Formulation of basic policy for the acquisition and sale of managed properties
- 2. Operations relating to the acquisition and sale of managed properties
- 3. Investigation and assessment of managed properties
- 4. Research and analysis of real-estate market, etc.

Asset Management Team

- Formulation of basic policy relating to operation and management of investment real estate (criteria of selecting property management company, criteria of lease contracts, criteria of ordering constructions, criteria of covering insurance, etc.)
- 2. Formulation of annual operation and management plan of investment real estates held by United Urban
- 3. Appropriate selection and supervision of property management company
- 4. Understanding and reporting of management and operation conditions about investment real estates held by United Urban
- 5. Formulation and implementation of repair and refurbishment plans relating to investment real estates held by United Urban, for maintaining and enhancing medium to long-term asset value, etc.

Finance Team

- 1. Formulation of United Urban's financial strategy
- 2. Operations relating to fund-raising by United Urban
- 3. Investor-relations for United Urban and the Asset Management Company

Corporate Operation Team

- Management of the Asset Management Company's general meetings of shareholders and meetings of the Board of Directors
- 2. Administration of investment performance
- 3. General and personnel affairs of the Asset Management Company
- 4. Budgetary control for United Urban and the Asset Management Company
- 5. Accounting affairs for United Urban and the Asset Management Company
- 6. Development and maintenance of computer systems
- 7. Compliance operations (Compliance Committee secretariat)
- 8. Legal affairs and examination of contracts
- 9. Affairs attached to execution of agreements (sell and purchase, management, repairs, borrowings)



- United Urban Investment Corporation's executive officer has been the company's full-time executive officer throughout its history.
- Chief Compliance Officer leads the efforts to build the compliance structure.

■ Establishment of Compliance Committee and its role

The Compliance Committee does not itself pass resolutions or take decisions, but was established for the purpose of submitting certain reports to the Board of Directors, not only on compliance but also broader matters such as professional standards and internal auditing.

It deliberates on the following matters, when necessary submitting reports to or advising the Board of Directors.

- Deliberation on investment decisions from the perspective of compliance
- Response to acts that are, or may prove to be, problematic from the standpoint of the law, professional standards, etc.
- Formulation of internal audit plans and reports on internal audit results
- Institution and revision of internal rule
- Deliberation of other important compliance-related matters

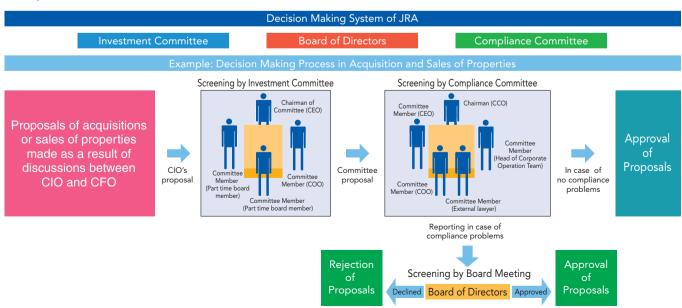
■ Faithful execution of compliance decision process

The structure that has been established requires that, in specific transactions such as property acquisitions, approval by the Investment Committee must be obtained, the transactions must then be scrutinized by the Compliance Committee, and if that scrutiny leads to a judgment that there are compliance-related problems or that such problems may arise, a decision by the Board of Directors must be made.

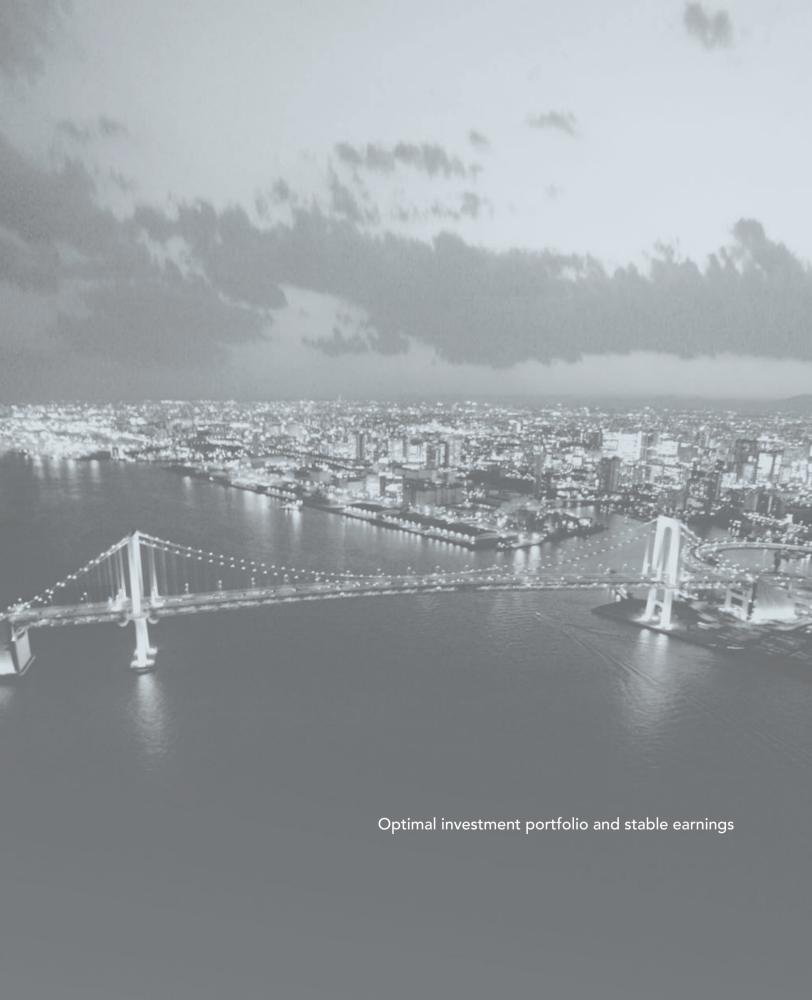
In regard to transactions with "Sponsor/Stakeholder" category* including related parties, steps are taken to ensure that restraints are imposed. These take the form of strict processes to counter conflicts of interest, including the obligation for the chief compliance officer to attend meetings of the Investment Committee and for the approval of all committee members to be obtained.

■ Creation of the company structure through the formulation of compliance regulations and a compliance manual

Corporate Governance



^{* &}quot;Sponsor/Stakeholder" category are those referred to in internal rule as "the shareholders of the Asset Management Company (Japan REIT Advisors Co., Ltd.), juridical persons that have assigned officers or employees to the Asset Management Company, companies whose majority of voting rights are held by those shareholders or juridical persons, and special purpose companies established on behalf of those shareholders or juridical persons."



♦ PERFORMANCE REPORT

Financial Highlights	28
Overall Condition of Investment Corporation	34
Portfolio Profiles	36
Capital Expenditures	40
Expenses and Debt	43
Trading Activities during the Period	45
Appendix	46
Investment Policies Distribution Policies	

Financial Highlights

1. Track Records on Operations

			Millions of yen, unless	otherwise indicated
		7th Fiscal Period	6th Fiscal Period	5th Fiscal Period
	(D	ecember 1, 2006 -	(June 1, 2006 -	(December 1, 2005-
		May 31, 2007)	November 30, 2006)	May 31, 2006)
Operating revenues		6,408	6,295	5,749
(Rental revenues)		(6,408)	(6,295)	(5,749)
Operating expenses		3,130	3,147	2,845
(Property-related expenses)		(2,440)	(2,467)	(2,218)
Operating income		3,278	3,148	2,904
Income before income taxes		2,808	2,750	2,574
Net income (a)		2,807	2,749	2,573
Total assets (b)		177,687	169,798	169,554
Total unitholders' equity (Net assets) (c)		92,645	92,588	92,412
Unitholders' capital		89,839	89,839	89,839
Total no. of investment units issued and outstanding (d)	(Unit)	159,843	159,843	159,843
Net assets per unit (c)/(d)	(Yen)	579,601	579,240	578,143
Total cash distribution (e)	` ,	2,807	2,749	2,573
Net income per unit (Note 3)	(Yen)	17,558	17,197	16,099
Distribution per unit (e)/(d)	(Yen)	17,558	17,197	16,100
(Distribution of earnings per unit)	(Yen)	(17,558)	(17,197)	(16,100)
(Distribution in excess of earnings per unit)	(Yen)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Return on assets (Notes 4, 5)	(%)	1.6	1.6	1.6
(Annualized) (Notes 4, 5)	(%)	(3.2)	(3.2)	(3.2)
Return on equity (Notes 4, 5)	(%)	3.0	3.0	2.8
(Annualized) (Notes 4, 5)	(%)	(6.1)	(5.9)	(5.6)
Equity ratio (c)/(b) (Note 5)	(%)	52.1	54.5	54.5
Payout ratio (e)/(a)	(%)	99.9	99.9	100.0
Supplementary information	(70)	00.0	00.0	100.0
No. of investment properties at the end of the period	(Units)	34	33	32
Total leasable floor space at the end of the period	(m ²)	388,776.79	378,288.87	374,566.78
Total no. of tenants at the end of the period	(Units)	147	142	138
Occupancy ratio at the end of the period	(%)	99.6	99.1	99.3
Depreciation and amortization	(70)	1,254	1,223	1,083
Capital expenditures		410	232	411
NOI (Net Operating Income) from leasing (Note 4)		5,222	5,052	4,615
FFO (Funds From Operations) per unit (Note 4)	(Yen)	25,568	25,013	23.039
FFO ratio (Notes 4, 5)	` '	19.9	14.1	23,039
, ,	(Times)	10.2	11.7	13.3
Debt service coverage ratio (Notes 4, 5)	(Times)	10.2	11.7	13.3
Net income before interest, depreciation and amortization		4,530	4,372	3,982
Interest expense and interest expenses on corporate bonds		443	373	299
Interest-bearing liabilities		69,900	63,000	63,000
Ratio of interest-bearing liabilities to total assets at the end of the period	(%)	39.3	37.1	37.1
No. of operating days	(Days)	182	183	182

5th fiscal period: 159,843units 6th fiscal period: 159,843units 7th fiscal period: 159,843units

⁽Notes)1. Unless otherwise indicated specifically, all figures above have been rounded to the units stated.2. Operating revenues, etc., do not include consumption taxes.

^{3.} Net income per unit is computed on the basis of the average numbers of investment units set out below.

Average no. of investment units

5th fiscal period: 159,843units

4. The indicators stated above are computed in accordance with the methods set out below. The figures in parentheses are the annualized figures for the 182, 183, and 182 days respectively in those fiscal periods.

Return on assets.....Ordinary income / Ave. total assets

Ave. total assets = (Total assets at the beginning of the period + Total assets at the end of the period) / 2 Return on equity.....Net income / Ave. net assets

Ave. net assets= (Net assets at the beginning of the period + Net assets at the end of the period) / 2

NOI (Net operating income) from leasing

......Income from property leasing in the period (Rental revenues - Rental expenses) + Depreciation and amortization

FFO (Funds from operations) per unit

...... (Net income + Depreciation + Amortization of deferred assets) / No. of investment units issued and outstanding at the end of the period

FFO ratioInvestment unit price at the end of the period / Annualized FFO per unit

Debt service coverage ratio

......Net income before interest, depreciation and amortization / Interest expense and Interest expense on corporate bonds

5. Fractions are rounded to the nearest one decimal place.

2. Performance Review for the Current Period

United Urban Investment Corporation ("United Urban") was incorporated on November 4, 2003, under the Law Concerning Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations of Japan (the "Investment Trust Law"). On December 22, 2003, United Urban was listed (Securities Code: 8960) on the J-REIT section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

In December 2004, at the beginning of its third fiscal period, United Urban made a new issue of investment units by public offering and another issue of investment units by means of a third-party allotment. As a result, the total number of investment units issued and outstanding is 159,843 units, as of May 31, 2007.

United Urban aims to secure steady earnings over the medium-term as an integrated real estate investment trust (REIT), diversifying its investments geographically and in terms of the types of properties in which it invests (retail properties, office buildings, hotels, residential properties and others). A distribution has been made in each of six fiscal periods to date, beginning with the first fiscal period ended in May 2004.

During the period under review, United Urban devoted its attention to the management of its existing properties in its portfolio, in order to ensure stable occupancy ratios. With regard to the acquisition of properties, it considered the real estate market to be overheated, and thus took care to avoid making unwarrantable acquisitions that may have an adverse impact on its existing portfolio. Nevertheless, with the support of a sponsor company that is a shareholder of our asset management company, Japan REIT Advisors Co., Ltd. ("JRA"), we acquired one property (retail property, acquisition price:\pm \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \text{million}.

In consequence, as of May 31, 2007, United Urban's assets totaled 34 properties, comprising eight retail properties, six office buildings, two hotels, one office and hotel complex, and 17 residential properties and others (including one distribution facility); this represented an increase of one from the beginning of the period. The aggregate acquisition price totaled ¥160,655 million, an increase of ¥5,312 million, the total leasable floor space increased from 378,288.87 sq. m. to 388,776.79 sq. m., and the number of tenants rose from 142 to 147.

The occupancy ratio for the entire portfolio at the end of each month during the period fluctuated between 99.2% and 99.6%, and stood at 99.6% on May 31, 2007.

During the period under review, a total of ¥16.9 billion was raised to meet our financing needs, comprising ¥11.3 billion of funds needed to pay the principal amounts due for borrowings and to cover part of our operating funds, and ¥5.6 billion of borrowings needed to acquire properties.

With the money market rate on an upward trend, despite our following our basic policy of raising long-term funds at fixed interest rates, a certain proportion of our financing needs is being raised at floating interest rates, in order to benefit from low interest rates, and to allow for future expeditious debt

restructuring.

As a result, the balance of outstanding borrowings at May 31, 2007, totaled ¥44.9 billion (up by ¥6.9 billion from the end of the previous period), comprising no short-term borrowings (down by ¥4.5 billion from the end of the previous period), ¥10.2 billion of long-term borrowings due for repayment within one year (up by ¥4.7 billion from the end of the previous period), ¥34.7 billion of long-term borrowings (up by ¥6.7 billion from the end of the previous period), and the ¥25.0 billion of corporate bonds (unchanged from the end of the previous period).

In addition, United Urban received an upgrade of rating from Rating and Investment Information, Inc. ("R&I") in September, 2006 of the pervious period, and a new issuer rating from Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's") in November, 2006. The details of issuer ratings are as follows:

Rating Agency	Details				
Moody's	Issuer Rating: A3	Rating Outlook:Stable			
R&I	Issuer Rating: A	Rating Outlook:Stable			

3. Issuance of New Investment Units

The changes in unitholders' capital and total number of investment units issued and outstanding since its incorporation are shown below.

Date	Date Remarks		Number of Investment Units Issued and Outstanding (Units)		Unitholders'Capital (Millions of yen)	
		Increase	Balance	Increase	Balance	
November 4, 2003	Date of incorporation	250	250	125	125	(Note 1)
December 20, 2003	Additional issue of new investment units through initial public offering	79,500	79,750	36,634	36,759	(Note 2)
January 21, 2004	Additional issue of new investment units through third-party allotment	3,988	83,738	1,838	38,597	(Note 3)
December 1, 2004	Additional issue of new investment units through public offering	75,800	159,538	51,037	89,634	(Note 4)
December 22, 2004	Additional issue of new investment units through third-party allotment	305	159,843	205	89,839	(Note 5)

(Notes)

- 1. United Urban was incorporated with an issue of 250 investment units at ¥500,000 per unit.
- 2. New investment units were issued by public offering at the issue price of ¥480,000 per unit (underwriter price ¥460,800), for the purpose of procuring funds for property acquisitions, etc.
- 3. New investment units were issued by third-party allotment at the issue price of ¥460,800 per unit for the purpose of procuring funds for property acquisitions, etc.
- 4. New investment units were issued by public offering at the issue price of ¥698,250 per unit (underwriter price ¥673,312), for the purpose of procuring funds for property acquisitions, etc.
- 5. New investment units were issued by third-party allotment at the issue price of ¥673,312 per unit for the purpose of procuring funds for property acquisitions, etc.

Changes in Closing Prices

The highest and lowest closing prices in the Tokyo Stock Exchange are as follows;

			Yen
	7th Fiscal Period	6th Fiscal Period	5th Fiscal Period
	(December 1, 2006 -	(June 1, 2006 -	(December 1, 2005 -
	May 31, 2007)	November 30, 2006)	May 31, 2006)
Highest	1,070,000	735,000	729,000
Lowest	701,000	633,000	636,000

4. Distribution Information

With regard to the distribution in the period under review, in view of the special manner in which taxation is applied pursuant to Article 67-15 of the Special Taxation Measures Law, in order to ensure that the maximum amount of distribution of earnings would be deductible, it was decided that the entire amount of unappropriated profit at the end of period would be distributed, excluding cases in which the distributions per investment unit were fractions of one yen. In consequence, the distribution per investment unit was fixed at ¥17,558 for the 7th fiscal period.

		7th Fiscal Period (December 1, 2006 - May 31, 2007)	6th Fiscal Period (June 1, 2006 - November30,2006)	5th Fiscal Period (December 1, 2005 - May 31, 2006)
Unappropriated retained earnings at the end of period	Thousands of yen	2,806,618	2,748,838	2,573,483
Cash distribution	Thousands of yen	2,806,523	2,748,820	2,573,472
Distribution per unit	Yen	17,558	17,197	16,100
Unappropriated retained earnings carried forward to the next period	Thousands of yen	95	18	10

5. Future Policies

A. Acquisition of new properties (External growth)

In order to build a portfolio able to secure stable earnings over the medium to long term, United Urban has been making acquisitions continuously since the first fiscal period. It will continue to pursue external growth in order to build an optimum portfolio, while monitoring market trends closely and taking care to avoid, when the real estate market appears overheated, making unwarrantable acquisitions that may have an adverse impact on its existing portfolio. In addition, United Urban will pursue external growth actively by acquiring properties and getting information about properties from sponsor companies of JRA.

B. Management and administration (Internal growth)

In its management and administration, United Urban will take into consideration the fact that most of the properties in its portfolio are occupied on long-term leases comparatively, and by implementing maintenance works and repairs proactively in order to enhance tenant satisfaction, it will build relationships of trust with its tenants.

In addition, by engaging in leasing activity based on the study and analysis of trends in the rental market, United Urban will endeavor to ensure the maintenance of high occupancy ratio and the raising of the rent standard.

6. Reference Information

A. United Urban acquired the property as set forth below after the end of the seventh fiscal period.

< KONAMI SPORTS CLUB Korigaoka >

Summary of Acquisition

Acquired Asset : Trust beneficial interest in real estate

Acquisition Price : ¥ 2.040 million Date of Acquisition : June 29, 2007

Outline of Property

: 3-3-1 Korigaoka, Hirakata-shi, Osaka Location

Type of Use : Gym, Parking Lot

Site Area : Land: 4,120.00 m² Building: 6,381.40 m²

: S 4F Structure

Completion Date : December 2006 Total Leasable Floor Space : 8,627.58 m²

B. United Urban concluded the sale and purchase agreements of trust beneficial interest in real estate as set forth below after the end of the seventh fiscal period.

UUR Court Sapporo Shinoro Ichibankan / Nibankan >

Summary of Acquisition (Note 1)

Acquired Asset : Trust beneficial interest in real estate Property Name a. UUR Court Sapporo Shinoro Ichibankan b. UUR Court Sapporo Shinoro Nibankan

Date of Agreements : June 29, 2007 Scheduled Acquisition Price : a. ¥ 870 million b. ¥ 850 million (Note 2)

Scheduled Date of Acquisitions : a. November 11, 2008

b. July 11, 2009

Outline of Property to be Acquired

6-chome Shinoro 3-jo, Kita-ku, Sapporo-shi, Hokkaido Location a. Residential property (including stores) (Scheduled) Type of Use b. Residential property (including offices) (Scheduled)

Site Area

Land: a. 3,340.48 m² b. 3,065.72 m² Building: a. 6,271.23 m² b. 6,265.67 m²

a. RC 10F Structure b. RC 10F

Completion Date : a. October 2008 (Scheduled)

b. June 2009 (Scheduled)

Total Leasable Floor Space : a. 6,271.23 m² b. 6,265.67 m²

(Notes)

- 1. Both UUR Court Sapporo Shinoro Ichibankan and UUR Court Sapporo Shinoro Nibankan are properties under construction, with the completion of the former scheduled in October 2008, and the latter in June 2009. To ensure profitability for the properties as acquired, an agreement on the transfer of trust beneficial interest in real estate was concluded for each of the properties, on the following conditions:
 - · Construction of the building should be completed in conformity with the drawings as at the time of conclusion of the agreement on the transfer of trust beneficial interest in real estate.
 - · A building lease agreement on Sapporo City-leased council housing should be concluded by and between the Asset Custodian and Sapporo City, as under "Agreement on Provision of Sapporo City-Leased Council Housing" (concluded on June 27, 2007 regarding "Ichibankan", and to be concluded regarding "Nibankan").
- 2. Acquisition of UUR Court Sapporo Shinoro Ichibankan and UUR Court Sapporo Shinoro Nibankan will be effected only after an appraisal price is obtained for each of them with a specified date preceding the scheduled completion date as the base date of appraisal, and if the acquisition price mentioned above is widely different from the appraisal price thus obtained, the acquisition price of the trust beneficial interest in the relevant property is renegotiated and the acquisition price of the trust beneficial interest in the relevant property is increased or decreased accordingly.

C. Committed line of credit agreement was concluded as set forth below on June 25, 2007.

Maximum Loan Account	¥ 10,000 million
Date of Agreement	June 25, 2007
Term of Agreement	From June 25, 2007 to June 25, 2008
Collateral	Unsecured / Unguaranteed
Lenders	Shinsei Bank, Limited
	The Sumitomo Trust and Banking Co., Ltd.
	Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd.
	The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.
	·

Overall Condition of Investment Corporation

1. Summary of Unitholders' Contribution

	7th Fiscal Period (As of May 31, 2007)	6th Fiscal Period (As of November 30, 2006)	5th Fiscal Period (As of May 31, 2006)
Number of investment units authorized (Unit)	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
Number of investment units issued and outstanding (Unit)	159,843	159,843	159,843
Unitholders'capital (Millions of yen)	89,839	89,839	89,839
Number of unitholders	7,485	9,158	10,056

2. Major Unitholders

Unitholder Name	Investment Units Held (Units)	(As of May 31, 2007) Percentage of Investment Unit Held (%)	
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (trust account)	13,569	8.49 %	
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (trust account)	13,523	8.46 %	
NikkoCiti Trust and Banking Corporation (investment account)	10,002	6.26 %	
Trust & Custody Services Bank, Ltd. (investment trust account)	7,736	4.84 %	
The Bank of Ikeda, Ltd.	7,070	4.42 %	
The Nomura Trust and Banking Co., Ltd. (investment trust)	6,273	3.92 %	
The Bank of New York, Treaty JASDEC Account	4,896	3.06 %	
CGML-IPB Customer Collateral Account	3,790	2.37 %	
State Street Bank and Trust Company 505050	3,419	2.14 %	
THE FUJI FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.	3,061	1.92 %	
Total	73,339	45.88 %	

(Note) The percentages of share of investment unit are rounded to two decimal places.

3. Categories of Unitholders

			(As of May	31, 2007)
	Number of l by Cat		Number of Units by Holder Category	
Individuals and others	7,088	94.7 %	18,487 units	11.6 %
Financial institutions (including securities companies)	144	1.9 %	99,656 units	62.3 %
Other domestic corporations	122	1.6 %	4,486 units	2.8 %
Foreign corporations and individuals	131	1.8 %	37,214 units	23.3 %
Total	7,485	100.0 %	159,843 units	100.0 %

4. Member of Board of Directors of United Urban

(As of May 31, 2007)

		(, io o. may o., =oo.)	
Title	Name	Other Title	
Executive Officer	Yasuhiro Tanaka	_	
Supervisory Officer	Masakazu Watase	Lawyer, Watase Law Office	
Supervisory Officer	Toshio Kenmochi	Representative Partner, Kasumigaseki Audit	
		Representative Director and President,	
		RECS Management Institute	
		Representative Director and President,	
		RECS Technologies Inc.	

5. Advisors and Agents

(As of May 31, 2007)

	(13 01 Way 31, 2001)
Role	Name
Asset Management Company	Japan REIT Advisors Co., Ltd.
Asset Custodian	Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.
Transfer Agent	The Chuo Mitsui Trust and Banking Company, Limited
Administrative Agent	Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.
Administrative Agent (related	The Sumitomo Trust and Banking Co., Ltd., Mizuho Securities Co.,
to Corporate Bonds)	Ltd., Nikko Citigroup Limited and Kyokuto Securities Co., Ltd.

Portfolio Profiles

1. Composition of Portfolio

0.1				7th Fiscal Period (As of May 31, 2007)		
Categories of Assets Type of Use	Areas		Total Amounts Held (Thousands of yen) (Note 1)	Percentage of Total Assets (%)		
		Capital	The 6 central wards of Tokyo (Note 3)	_	_	
	Retail	Region	The 23 wards of Tokyo (Note 4)		_	
	Properties	(Note 2)	Tokyo metropolitan areas (Note 5)	_	_	
		Other regions		3,325,682	1.9	
		Camital	The 6 central wards of Tokyo		_	
	Office	Capital Region	The 23 wards of Tokyo	_	_	
	Buildings	Region	Tokyo metropolitan areas	_	_	
		Other regio	ns	_	_	
Real Estate		0 1 - 1	The 6 central wards of Tokyo	1,920,608	1.1	
	Llotelo	Capital Region	The 23 wards of Tokyo	_	-	
	Hotels	Region	Tokyo metropolitan areas	_	_	
		Other regio	ns	_	_	
			The 6 central wards of Tokyo	_	_	
	Residential	Capital Region	The 23 wards of Tokyo	_	_	
	Properties and Others		Tokyo metropolitan areas	_	_	
	and Others	Other regio	ns	_	_	
	Subtotal			5,246,290	3.0	
			The 6 central wards of Tokyo	-	_	
	Retail	Capital Region	The 23 wards of Tokyo	15,069,727	8.5	
	Properties		Tokyo metropolitan areas	10,619,596	6.0	
		Other regions		24,860,148	14.0	
		Capital Region	The 6 central wards of Tokyo	6,821,242	3.8	
	Office		The 23 wards of Tokyo		_	
	Buildings		Tokyo metropolitan areas	19,308,754	10.8	
		Other regio	, · · ·	21,673,197	12.2	
Real Estate		Capital Region	The 6 central wards of Tokyo	20,947,495	11.8	
in Trust			The 23 wards of Tokyo		_	
	Hotels		Tokyo metropolitan areas	_	_	
		Other regio		9,813,421	5.5	
		, ,	The 6 central wards of Tokyo	2,509,716	1.4	
	Properties Reg	Capital	The 23 wards of Tokyo	11,181,462	6.3	
		Region	Tokyo metropolitan areas	2,314,152	1.3	
	and Others	Other regio	1 / 1	10,446,756	5.9	
	Subtotal			155,565,666	87.5	
Bank Deposit	s and Other As:	sets		16,874,700	9.5	
Total Assets				177,686,656	100.0	

⁽Notes)
1. "Total amounts held" is net book value of assets at the end of the period ("Real estate" and "Real estate in trust" being stated at book value net of depreciation).

^{2.} The "Capital Region" refers to eight prefectures: Tokyo, Kanagawa, Chiba, Saitama, Ibaraki, Gunma, Tochigi and Yamanashi prefectures.

^{3.} The "six central wards of Tokyo" are Chiyoda, Minato, Chuo, Shinjuku, Shibuya and Shinagawa wards.

^{4.} The "23 wards of Tokyo" are the 23 Tokyo wards excluding the "six central wards of Tokyo."

5. "Tokyo metropolitan area" refers to the Tokyo metropolitan area excluding the "23 wards of Tokyo."

2. Selected Data by Property

(As of May 31, 2007)

	(As of May 31, 20							
Type of Property	Property Name	Book Value (Millions of yen) (Note 1)	Appraisal Value (Millions of yen) (Note 2)	Leasable Floor Space (m²) (Note 3)	Leased Floor Space (m²) (Note 3)	Occupancy Ratio (%) (Note 3)		
	Daiei Himonya	15,070	17,900	26,655.66	26,655.66	100.0		
·	Joy Park Izumigaoka	6,308	4,300	13,242.67	13,196.91	99.7		
ĺ	Daimaru Peacock Ashiya-Kawanishi Ten	768	1,090	1,558.80	1,558.80	100.0		
Retail	Re-LAND Shopping Center	5,085	6,000	12,968.85	12,695.30	97.9		
Properties	Diamond City Value	11,057	11,200	72,073.39	72,073.39	100.0		
	TENJIN LUCE	6,727	6,620	4,194.57	3,920.73 (Note 4)	93.5		
	Yamada Denki Tecc Land Sakai Honten	3,326	3,350	8,637.63	8,637.63	100.0		
	Miyamae Shopping Center	5,535	5,340	10,487.92	10,487.92	100.0		
	T&G Hamamatsu-Cho Building	2,179	2,886	2,422.93	2,422.93 (Note 4)	100.0		
	SK Nagoya Building	5,335	6,586	8,708.52	8,708.52	100.0		
	Fukuoka Eartheon Building	1,923	2,770	4,934.39	4,934.39	100.0		
Office Buildings	Marumasu Koujimachi Building	2,414	3,420	2,612.42	2,612.42	100.0		
	Rokuban-Cho K Building	2,229	3,200	4,031.14	4,031.14	100.0		
	Shin-Osaka Central Tower	24,229	28,400	46,024.83	45,367.68	98.6		
	Kawasaki Toshiba Building	19,309	23,860	36,212.28	36,212.28	100.0		
Hotels	Shinjyuku Washington Hotel – Honkan	20,947	24,400	53,317.45	53,317.45	100.0		
Tioleis	Toyoko Inn Shinagawa-Eki Takanawaguchi	1,921	2,170	3,088.85	3,088.85	100.0		
	T&G Higashi-Ikebukuro Mansion	1,938	2,148	2,603.22	2,542.64 (Note 4)	97.7		
	T&G Yotsuya Mansion	1,306	1,422	1,679.10	1,679.10 (Note 4)	100.0		
	Excellia Magome	674	692	914.98	914.98 (Note 4)	100.0		
	Komazawa Court	1,654	1,800	3,741.17	3,741.17	100.0		
Residential	Ropponmatsu Court	726	851	3,294.36	3,294.36	100.0		
Properties and Others	Sky Court Shiba-Daimon	1,203	1,196	1,486.38	1,486.38	100.0		
and Others	Maison Ukima	3,584	4,120	12,691.43	12,691.43	100.0		
	Narashino Residence	1,160	1,210	6,840.86	6,840.86	100.0		
	Aprile Shin-Ohgi Ichibankan	3,120	3,410	12,700.44	12,700.44	100.0		
	UUR Court Sapporo Kitasanjo	1,351	1,307	4,790.50	4,790.50	100.0		
	Soga Dormitory	649	628	2,931.14	2,931.14	100.0		

	Higashikurume Dormitory Shinkan	505	507	1,397.61	1,397.61	100.0
	Nanzan Court Ichigoukan	1,088	1,090	3,576.74	3,576.74	100.0
Residential	Nanzan Court Nigoukan	460	503	1,890.51	1,890.51	100.0
Properties and Others	CLIO Bunkyo Koishikawa	3,331	3,300	4,097.51	3,938.54 (Note 4)	96.1
	Lilycolor Tohoku Branch	2,075	2,050	9,271.16	9,271.16	100.0
	GRAND-ROUGE Sakae	1,626	1,600	3,697.38	3,697.38	100.0
	Total	160,812	181,326	388,776.79	387,306.94	99.6

(Notes)

- 1. "Book Value" is stated after being rounded to the units stated.
- 2. "Appraisal Value" is the prices resulting from price surveys conducted by the same methods as appraisals conducted by real estate appraisers.
- 3. "Leasable Floor Space," "Leased Floor Space," and "Occupancy Ratio" are stated on the basis of data as of May 31, 2007. "Leasable Floor Space" means the aggregate leasable floor space of the portions owned by United Urban of individual real estate and real estate in trust (In principle these are the numerical values stated in lease agreements. However, the figures for T&G Hamamatsu-Cho Building, T&G Higashi-Ikebukuro Mansion and CLIO Bunkyo Koishikawa are those stated, respectively, in a management report prepared by Heisei Building Co., Ltd. (T&G Hamamatsu-Cho Building) and a monthly report prepared by Mitsui Fudosan Housing Lease Co., Ltd. (T&G Higashi-Ikebukuro Mansion and CLIO Bunkyo Koishikawa) It should also be noted that the values that underlie the numerical values stated in agreements differ from agreement to agreement. Therefore, the figures stated are either the figures equivalent to the total floor area of a building (nobe yuka menseki), the figures equivalent to the floor area stated in the land register (tokibo kisai no yuka menseki), the figures equivalent to the area exclusively occupied (senyu menseki), the figures equivalent to the total floor area plus other partially enclosed usable space (seko yuka menseki), or the figures equivalent to the floor area stated in a monthly report prepared by the property management companies); and "Leased Floor Space" means the aggregate of the areas (the areas stated in lease agreements, the details being the same as those stated with regard to leasable floor space above) within total leasable floor space that is leased after actual lease agreements are concluded. "Occupancy Ratio" is the percentage obtained from dividing "Leased Floor Space" by "Leasable Floor Space." With regard to the portion of the main building of Shinjuku Washington Hotel held in co-ownership with other entities, leasable floor space and leased floor space are computed by using this portion's entire floor area.
- 4. Master lease agreements with no rental guarantees have been concluded with regard to TENJIN LUCE, T&G Hamamatsu-Cho Building, T&G Higashi-Ikebukuro Mansion, T&G Yotsuya Mansion, Excellia Magome, and CLIO Bunkyo Koishikawa. Accordingly, United Urban is able to receive rental revenues only if these holdings of real estate in trust are subleased. In view of this, the "Leased Floor Space" of these properties is stated not as the area rented to the lessees, but as the area subleased by the lessees as of May 31, 2007.

3. Selected Financial Data by Property

	7th Fiscal Period (December 1, 2006 to May 31, 2007)					
Name of Property	Total Number of Tenants at the End of Period (Note 1)	Occupancy Ratio at the End of Period (%) (Note 2)	Rental Revenue (During the period) (Millions of yen) (Note 3)	Share of Total Rental Revenue (%)		
Daiei Himonya	1	100.0	528	8.2		
Joy Park Izumigaoka	12(6)	99.7	237	3.7		
Daimaru Peacock Ashiya-Kawanishi Ten	1	100.0	30	0.5		
Re-LAND Shopping Center	14	97.9	277	4.3		
Diamond City Value	1(96)	100.0	458	7.1		
TENJIN LUCE	2(7)	93.5	230	3.6		
Yamada Denki Tecc Land Sakai Honten	1(1)	100.0	(Note 4)	(Note 4)		
Miyamae Shopping Center	3(7)	100.0	78	1.2		
T&G Hamamatsu-Cho Building	1(7)	100.0	102	1.6		
SK Nagoya Building	9	100.0	273	4.3		

Fukuoka Eartheon Building	3(2)	100.0	131	2.0
Marumasu Koujimachi Building	13(1)	100.0	117	1.8
Rokuban-Cho K Building	1(3)	100.0	98	1.5
Shin-Osaka Central Tower	58(3)	98.6	1,135	17.7
Kawasaki Toshiba Building	1(6)	100.0	796	12.4
Shinjyuku Washington Hotel - Honkan	8(1)	100.0	825	12.9
Toyoko Inn Shinagawa-Eki Takanawaguchi	1	100.0	57	0.9
T&G Higashi-Ikebukuro Mansion	1(126 units)	97.7	73	1.1
T&G Yotsuya Mansion	1(78 units)	100.0	49	0.8
Excellia Magome	1(44 units)	100.0	23	0.4
Komazawa Court	1(92 units)	100.0	53	0.8
Ropponmatsu Court	1(90 units)	100.0	35	0.5
Sky Court Shiba-Daimon	1(1)	100.0	32	0.5
Maison Ukima	1	100.0	124	1.9
Narashino Residence	1(1 units)	100.0	51	0.8
Aprile Shin-Ohgi Ichibankan	1	100.0	(Note 4)	(Note 4)
UUR Court Sapporo Kitasanjo	1(117 units)	100.0	52	0.8
Soga Dormitory	1(1 units)	100.0	26	0.4
Higashikurume Dormitory Shinkan	1	100.0	17	0.3
Nanzan Court Ichigoukan	1(94 units)	100.0	40	0.6
Nanzan Court Nigoukan	1(31 units)	100.0	17	0.3
CLIO Bunkyo Koishikawa	1(88 units)	96.1	107	1.7
Lilycolor Tohoku Branch	1	100.0	(Note 4)	(Note 4)
GRAND-ROUGE Sakae	1(88 units)	100.0	50	0.8
Total	147(991)	99.6	6,408	100.0

(Notes)

- 1. "Total Number of Tenants" figures are stated on the basis of the data as of the end of the fiscal period. In the event that one tenant is renting more than one room, the aggregate number of tenants is stated by treating each such tenant as a single tenant within the same property, and as more than one tenant if the rentals include more than one property. With regard to a property subleased by a lessee, the number of tenants is treated as being one; as of May 31, 2007, the total number of tenants subleasing from lessees and the number of rental units were stated in parentheses.
- 2. "Occupancy Ratio" figures are stated on the basis of the data as of the end of each fiscal period. "Occupancy Ratio" is the percentage obtained from dividing "leased floor space" by "leasable floor space." With regard to the portion of the main building of Shinjuku Washington Hotel held in co-ownership with other entities, leasable floor space and leased floor space are computed by using this portion's entire floor area.
- 3. "Rental Revenue" is stated after being rounded to the units stated.
- 4. In regard to these properties the tenants with whom a lease agreement has been concluded have not given their consent for the disclosure of rental revenue. Therefore, there has been no choice but to omit disclosure of this figure here.

Capital Expenditures

1. Plan of Capital Expenditures

The table below sets out the principal capital expenditures for repair and other works for properties scheduled as of May 31, 2007. These scheduled amounts include both portions to be capitalized and expensed.

			Amount Projected (Millions of yen)			
Name of Properties	Description of Works	Scheduled Period	Total amount	Amount payable in the 7th fiscal period	Amount already paid	
Daiei Himonya	Repair of electrical power receiving facilities	From May 2008 to May 2008	350	_	_	
Diamond City Value	Repair of toilets (JUSCO, next to ATM and TUTAYA of JUSCO wing)	From October 2007 to November 2007	76	_	_	
Diamond City Value	Renewal of air-conditioner (Turuya Forum section)	From August 2007 to September 2007	18	_	_	
Diamond City Value	Replacement of electricity meter (Specialty Store wing)	From October 2007 to October 2007	15	_	_	
Diamond City Value	Repair of toilets (North east and second floor of JUSCO wing)	From December 2007 to December 2007	66	_	_	
Diamond City Value	Renewal of central monitoring system	From December 2007 to January 2008	19	_	_	
Diamond City Value	Renewal of air-conditioner (Outlet section)	From January 2008 to February 2008	18	_	_	
SK Nagoya Building	Repair of exterior walls	From January 2008 to May 2008	48	_	_	
Shin-Osaka Central Tower	Renewal of dimmer (Event hall)	From August 2007 to September 2007	20	_	_	
Shin-Osaka Central Tower	Overhaul of generator part	From January 2008 to January 2008	19	_	_	
Shin-Osaka Central Tower	Coating of common area corridor, ceiling and wall, and Replacing floor (4-11F)	From December 2007 to January 2008	24	_	_	
Shin-Osaka Central Tower	Coating of exterior walls (stairwell part)	From November 2007 to January 2008	80	_	-	
Shin-Osaka Central Tower	Repair of fire detecting board	From December 2007 to January 2008	10	_	_	
Kawasaki Toshiba Building	Putting solar control film	From August 2007 to August 2007	13	_		
Kawasaki Toshiba Building	Renewal of dilapidated once-through boiler (1unit/total 2)	From October 2007 to October 2007	16	_		
Kawasaki Toshiba Building	Renewal of cooling water pump (2nd period)	From February 2008 to February 2008	16	_	_	

Kawasaki Toshiba Building	Renewal of rotor of total heat exchanger	From March 2008 to March 2008	15	-	_
Shinjuku Washington Hotel - Honkan	Removal and replacement of exterior wall seal and examination of tile detachment (1st period)	From June 2007 to November 2007	51	_	_
Shinjuku Washington Hotel - Honkan	Removal and replacement of exterior wall seal and examination of tile detachment (2nd period)	From December 2007 to May 2008	51	-	-
Ropponmatsu Court	Exterior work Waterproofing work	From September 2007 to November 2007	26	-	
Aprile Shin-Ohgi Ichibankan	Countermeasure of underground pit spring water	From March 2008 to May 2008	15	_	_

2. Capital Expenditures made during the Period

The table below sets out the amounts of United Urban's capital expenditures for its real estate and other assets during the seventh fiscal period, which totaled ¥410 million. Together with ¥28 million of repair and maintenance costs recorded as expenses in the statement of income in the period, expenditure on engineering works totaled ¥438 million.

Name of Properties	Description of Works	Period Implemented	Expenditure Amount (Millions of yen)		
Daiei Himonya	Repair of Himonya Building (first half of 2007)	From May 2007 to May 2007	22		
Diamond City Value	Repair of parking lot facilities (B area)	From January 2007 to March 2007	55		
Diamond City Value	Repair of parking lot facilities (C area)	From March 2007 to April 2007	28		
Diamond City Value	Repair of parking lot facilities (D area)	From March 2007 to April 2007	29		
Shin-Osaka Central Tower	Repair of hotel sanitation facilities	From September 2006 to December 2006	19		
Shin-Osaka Central Tower	Repair of north wing sanitation facilities	From July 2006 to December 2006	32		
Shin-Osaka Central Tower	Repair of hotel guestrooms	From September 2006 to May 2007	97		
Kawasaki Toshiba Building	<electricity> Overhaul of vacuum circuit breaker (VCB) (4th period)</electricity>	From November 2006 to February 2007	10		
Other capital expenditures					
Total					

3. Cash Reserved for Long-Term Repair and Maintenance Plan (Repair and Maintenance Reserve)

Based on the long-term repair and maintenance plan formulated for each of its properties, United Urban sets aside a repair and maintenance reserve out of cash flow during each fiscal period, as outlined below, for the purpose of large-scale repairs and maintenance for the medium to long term.

			Millions of yen
	7th Fiscal Period	6th Fiscal Period	5th Fiscal Period
	(December 1, 2006 -	(June 1, 2006 -	(December 1, 2005 -
	May 31, 2007)	November 30, 2006)	May 31, 2006)
Reserve balance at the beginning of period	1,083	868	665
Addition	214	215	203
Deduction	_	_	_
Reserve balance at the end of period	1.297	1.083	868

(Note)

When part of the reserve accumulated within the trust assets by the previous owners is assumed as a result of the sale of trust beneficial interests, the amount of the portion so assumed is stated as part of the addition to the reserve in the relevant period.

Expenses and Debt

1. Asset Management Expenses

			Thousands of yen
	7th Fiscal Period	6th Fiscal Period	5th Fiscal Period
	(December 1, 2006 -	(June 1, 2006 -	(December 1, 2005 -
	May 31, 2007)	November 30, 2006)	May 31 2006)
Asset management fees	472,277	460,807	411,529
Asset custodian fees	23,660	23,759	21,374
Administrative agent fees	66,163	67,246	63,874
Directors' fees	10,200	10,200	10,200
Other expenses	117,557	118,425	120,055
Total	689,857	680,437	627,032

(Note)

In addition to the amounts stated above, there were asset management fees of ¥150,624 thousand for the 5th fiscal period, ¥12,560 thousand for the 6th fiscal period and ¥42,496 thousand for the 7th fiscal period related to acquisition of properties, which was capitalized and included in acquisition cost of each properties.

2. Borrowings

Borrowings from financial institutions as of May 31, 2007 were as follows;

(Long-term debt due for repayment within one year)

Lender	Balance (Millions of yen)	Average Interest Rate (Note)	Drawdown Date	Repayment Date	Remarks
The Kagawa Bank, Ltd.	220	0.91837%	Dec. 20, 2004	Dec. 20, 2007	
The Hyakugo Bank, Ltd.	740	0.91837%	Dec. 20, 2004	Dec. 20, 2007	
The Hiroshima Bank, Ltd.	740	0.91837%	Dec. 20, 2004	Dec. 20, 2007	Unsecured
Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.	1,110	0.91837%	Dec. 20, 2004	Dec. 20, 2007	Unguaranteed
Mitsui Sumitomo Insurance Company Limited	740	0.91837%	Dec. 20, 2004	Dec. 20, 2007	Fixed rate of interest
The Sumitomo Trust and Banking Co., Ltd.	2,230	0.91837%	Dec. 20, 2004	Dec. 20, 2007	
Shinesei Bank, Limited	2,220	0.91837%	Dec. 20, 2004	Dec. 20, 2007	
Omnosci Bank, Emited	2,200	1.08792%	May 29, 2006	Dec. 20, 2007	
Total	10,200				·

(Long-term debt)

(Long-term debt)					
Lender	Balance (Millions of yen)	Average Interest Rate (Note)	Drawdown Date	Repayment Date	Remarks
The Curvitages Trust and Danking Co. Ltd.	2,000	1.39716%	Dec. 20, 2004	Dec. 20, 2009	Unsecured Unguaranteed Fixed rate of interest
The Sumitomo Trust and Banking Co., Ltd.	6,850	0.98594%	Apr. 14, 2006	Dec. 20, 2008	Unsecured Unguaranteed
	2,550	0.98594%	Apr. 28, 2006	Dec. 20, 2008	Floating rate of interest
Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.	330	1.39716%	Dec. 20, 2004	Dec. 20, 2009	
Saitama Resona Bank, Limited	670	1.39716%	Dec. 20, 2004	Dec. 20, 2009	
Shinsei Bank, Limited	1,330	1.39716%	Dec. 20, 2004	Dec. 20, 2009	
Shiriser bank, Limited	1,900	1.47730%	Feb. 19, 2007	Dec. 20, 2009	
Daido Life Insurance Company	670	1.39716%	Dec. 20, 2004	Dec. 20, 2009	
Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd.	2,500	1.55035%	Dec.20, 2006	Dec. 20, 2009	Unsecured
iviizurio Corporate Barik, Ltu.	2,000	1.86167%	Dec.20, 2006	Dec. 20, 2011	Unguaranteed
	500	1.55035%	Dec.20, 2006	Dec. 20, 2009	Fixed rate of interest
Aozora Bank, Ltd.	900	1.47730%	Feb.19, 2007	Dec. 20, 2009	
	500	1.86167%	Dec.20, 2006	Dec. 20, 2011	
The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	500	1.55035%	Dec.20, 2006	Dec. 20, 2009	
The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.	800	1.55035%	Dec.20, 2006	Dec. 20, 2009	
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	500	1.55035%	Dec.20, 2006	Dec. 20, 2009	
Sumitorio Mitsui Banking Corporation	2,800	1.47730%	Feb.19, 2007	Dec. 20, 2009	
The National Mutual Insurance Federation of Agricultural Cooperatives	3,400	1.89500%	Apr. 28, 2006	Dec. 20, 2011	
The Norinchukin Bank	4,000	1.05296%	Dec.20, 2006	Dec.20, 2011	Unsecured Unguaranteed Floating rate of interest
Total	34,700			_	_
		•			
Borrowings Total	44,900				

(Note)

The average interest rate represents the weighted average during the period based on the number of days and the outstanding balance of a borrowing, and is rounded to the nearest five decimal places. The figures do not include fees related to these borrowings that have been paid to the lenders listed in the table.

3. Corporate Bonds

Corporate Bonds as of May 31, 2007 were as follows;

Name	Balance (Millions of yen)	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Redemption Date	Redemption Method
Series 1 of Unsecured Corporate Bonds	15,000	0.78%	Jul. 12, 2005	Jul. 12, 2010	Bullet payment
Series 2 of Unsecured Corporate Bonds	10,000	1.91%	Jul. 12, 2005	Jul. 10, 2015	Bullet payment
Total	25,000				

Trading Activities during the Period

1. Trading of Real Estate and Real Estate-Backed Securities

(Millions of yen)

		Acquisition		Transfer			
Asset Type	Name of Properties	Date	Price (Note)	Date	Price	Book value	Gain on sale
Beneficiary rights of trusted real estate assets	Miyamae Shopping Center	February 19, 2007	5,312			_	I
	Total		5,312			_	_

(Note)

The acquisition price is purchase price stated in the sales and purchase agreement of the asset, excluding consumption taxes and expenses necessary for making the relevant acquisition (e.g. agency fees, taxes and impositions), and is rounded to the nearest one million yen.

2. Trading with Related Parties and Major Shareholders

(1) Status of transactions

There were no sales and purchase transactions involving real estate and real estate in trust with related parties and major shareholders.

(2) Amount of commissions paid to related parties and major shareholders

The amounts of commissions paid to related parties and major shareholders in the seventh fiscal period were set out below.

	Total Commission	Description of Transactions wit	h Related Parties	(B)/(A) (%)	
Category	Paid (A) (Thousands of yen)	Payee	Amount paid (B) (Thousands of yen)		
Brokerage Commission	159,360	Marubeni Corporation	79,680	50.0	
Droporty		Benny Estate Service Co., Ltd.	21,267	6.3	
Property Management Fees	336,637	Marubeni Real Estate Co., Ltd.	9,034	2.7	
Management rees		Marubeni Properties Co., Ltd.	94,210	28.0	
Casualty Insurance Premium	11,308	Marubeni Safenet Co., Ltd.	11,008	97.4	
Construction		Benny Estate Service Co., Ltd.	187	2.5	
Construction Management Fees	7,504	Marubeni Real Estate Co., Ltd.	1,268	16.9	
Management rees		Marubeni Properties Co., Ltd.	4,071	54.3	
Other Bental		Benny Estate Service Co., Ltd.	810	1.9	
Expenses	Other Rental 43,452	Marubeni Real Estate Co., Ltd.	443	1.0	
Laperises		Marubeni Properties Co., Ltd.	18,463	42.5	

(Notes)

- 1. Among the related parties of the asset management company, as stipulated in Article 20 of the Investment Trust Law Enforcement Order, that have concluded asset management agreement with United Urban, and major shareholders of the asset management company as defined in Article 9, Paragraph 3, of the Law Concerning Investment Trusts and Investments Corporations, the table above indicates Marubeni Corporation, Benny Estate Service Co., Ltd., Marubeni Real Estate Co., Ltd., Marubeni Properties Co., Ltd. and Marubeni Safenet Co., Ltd. as parties that have conducted business up to the end of the seventh fiscal period and have received payment of commissions.
- 2. In addition to the commissions stated above, a portion of the commissions paid by United Urban to third parties (administrative agents for corporate bonds) for the handling of payments of principal and interest for United Urban's first and second series corporate bonds was paid by the administrative agents to handling agents of payments of principal and interest (including securities companies).
- 3. In addition to the transactions above, the amount of repair expense paid to related parties during the period under review was as set forth below.

Benny Estate Service Co., Ltd. ¥2,153 thousand

Appendix

♦Investment Policies

Investment Policies

The Investment Corporation sets forth in its Articles of Incorporation that it shall invest in investment assets with the aim of securing stable revenues over the medium to long term. The Asset Management Company establishes Asset Management Guidelines as their internal rules and determine the management policies that apply to the Investment Corporation's investment, in accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Investment Corporation and the Asset Management Agreement between the Asset Management Company and the Investment Corporation and in consideration of the basic policies provided in the Articles of Incorporation of the Investment Corporation. The Asset Management Company takes due consideration of various factors including the current status and trends in real estate, capital and financial markets, as well as general economic conditions, market trends of real estate-related products and the financial condition of the Investment Corporation, when establishing the Asset Management Guidelines. Furthermore, in order to ensure that the Asset Management Guidelines remain relevant and in tune with changes in market and operating conditions, the Asset Management Guidelines shall be amended promptly and actively in consideration of the Articles of Incorporation of the Investment Corporation and the Asset Management Agreement.

Basic Investment Policy

The Investment Corporation aims to secure stable earnings over the medium to long term when investing in real estate assets. To this end, the Investment Corporation aims to establish and develop an optimal investment portfolio in terms of type of use and area of location in tune with changes in the general economy and real estate market trends and with the intention to minimize risks. The Investment Corporation aims to establish and develop a comprehensive investment portfolio by investing in real estate assets in various types of use in various areas of locations.

(a)Type of Use of Real Estate Assets

The Investment Corporation shall invest primarily in real estates (including Real Estate etc. other than real estate and Real Estate-Backed Securities (each as defined below)) such as retail properties, office buildings, hotels, and residential properties and others.

(b)Area of Location

The Investment Corporation shall invest in real estates (including Real Estate etc. other than real estate and Real Estate-Backed Securities (each as defined below)) located in the Tokyo Metropolitan Area and other major cities in Japan including government designated cities, and surrounding areas thereof.

Investment Stance

- (a)In accordance with its asset management policy, the Investment Corporation shall invest in specified assets of which more than 75% are comprised of investments in Specified Real Estate Assets. Specified Real Estate Assets as used herein shall mean real estate, real estate leases, superficies and beneficiary rights of trust in which real estate, land leases or superficies are entrusted.
- (b)In accordance with its asset management policy, the Investment Corporation shall manage the assets so that at least 75% in value, as determined in accordance with the Ministerial Ordinance of the Ministry of Finance, of its total assets is invested in real estate, etc. provided for in Article 67-15, Paragraph 9 of the Special Taxation Measures Law
- (c) The Investment Corporation shall invest primarily in real estates (including Real Estate etc. other than real estate and Real Estate-Backed Securities (each as defined below) such as retail properties, office buildings, hotels and residential properties and others.
- (d)The area of location of investment shall be in the Tokyo Metropolitan Area and other major cities in Japan including government designated cities, and surrounding areas thereof.

(e)The Investment Corporation shall conduct necessary due diligence prior to investment in real estate etc. An investment decision shall be made when the investment amount is considered in line with the existing investment environment and other relevant considerations.

Management Policy

Based on the aforementioned basic investment policy and investment stance, Japan REIT Advisors Co., Ltd., the Asset Management Company appointed by the Investment Corporation, undertakes management of the Investment Corporation's investment assets in accordance with the following asset management policies:

(a)Portfolio Management Criteria

1. Investment Term

In principle, investment assets shall be acquired for the medium to long term and shall not be acquired for the purpose of short-term sale.

2. Acquisition Criteria

The acquisition of investment assets shall be subject to comprehensive due diligence. Due diligence shall include an assessment of current relevant conditions, the potential for future profitability, risks, location, the status and maintenance of buildings and facilities, historical data relating to repairs and renovations, measures to prevent deterioration and obsolescence, earthquake protection, ownership rights, tenant status, details of building lease agreements, environmental and geological conditions and independent appraisal. In addition, an investment decisions shall be made in line with considerations relating to investment yield in the context of future economic conditions, trends in real estate markets, the property's potential to attract tenants, significant factors and expenses that may impact on future profits, the contribution of the acquisition to the future growth of the investment portfolio as a whole and the level to which the acquisition would enhance investment portfolio value from a medium- to long-term perspective. Furthermore, investment asset acquisitions shall be subject to an assessment of the type, use and location of each property in line with surveys and analyses of medium- and long-term market trends. The investment portfolio shall be subject to constant review and adjustment to ensure an optimal composition of investment assets of varied use and location.

(i) Type of Use of Real Estate Assets

The composition of the investment portfolio by asset type of use shall be determined on an ongoing basis subject to changes in general economic conditions and real estate market trends. As of the date hereof, the Investment Corporation shall limit investment in real estate categorized in any one particular asset type of use to a maximum of 60% of the total investment portfolio based on the most current independent asset appraisal. In an effort to secure stable earnings, however, the Investment Corporation may temporarily maintain an investment portfolio comprised of real estate categorized in one asset type of use in excess of 60% of the total investment portfolio.

(ii)Area of Location

Pursuant to the Asset Management Guidelines, the Investment Corporation shall maintain the investment in real estate assets located in the Tokyo Metropolitan Area, the hub of economic activity in Japan, 50% or more of its total investment portfolio based on the most current independent appraisal. In addition, the Investment Corporation shall invest in major metropolitan areas in Japan other than the Tokyo Metropolitan Area subject to the economic environment and markets trends of each region. As a rule, the Investment Corporation shall contain real estate investment in any one major metropolitan area other than the Tokyo Metropolitan Area to a maximum of one-third of the total investment portfolio based on the most current independent appraisal. In an effort to secure stable earnings, however, the Investment Corporation may temporarily maintain an investment portfolio comprised of real estate located in one metropolitan area other than the Tokyo Metropolitan Area exceeding one-third of the total investment portfolio.

(b)Leasing Policy

The Asset Management Company shall undertake real estate leasing activities in connection with the Investment Corporation's investment portfolio with the aim of securing stable medium- and long-term revenues under the following leasing policies in accordance with the Asset Management Guidelines:

- 1. Selection of High-Quality Tenants
 - The Asset Management Company shall conclude real estate leasing agreements based on comprehensive credit analyses of the financial condition and business performance of each prospective corporate and individual tenant, as well as conducting thorough checks of the industry in which the prospective tenant operates.
- Execution and Renewal of Long-Term Real Estate Leasing Agreements (including Fixed Real Estate Lease Agreements)

Whenever possible, the Asset Management Company shall conclude medium- to long-term real estate leasing agreements with new tenants. In addition, the Asset Management Company shall endeavor to increase existing tenant satisfaction through quality real estate management, maintenance and improvement with the aim of continuous extension of real estate leasing agreements for a medium- and long-term period.

Investment Criteria

Types of Investment Assets

The Investment Corporation shall invest primarily in Real Estate etc. and Real Estate-Backed Securities each as defined below.

(a)Real Estate etc. refers to the following:

- 1. Real estate
- 2. Real estate leases
- 3. Superficies
- 4. Beneficiary interests of trust in which real estate, land leases or superficies are entrusted, including comprehensive trusts in which cash associated with real estate is also entrusted, but excluding the securities ("Marketable Securities") defined in Article 3, Item 1 of the Enforcement Order of the Investment Trust and Investment Corporation Law (Cabinet Order No. 480 of 2000, as amended).
- 5. Beneficiary interests of trust of money for the purpose of investment in real estate, real estate leases and superficies (excluding Marketable Securities)
- 6. Equity investment based on an agreement under which one party to the agreement makes contributions for investment in assets set forth in 1. through 5. above, and the other party invests these contributions primarily in acquisition and management of such assets, with the profits from the investment distributed
- (b)Real Estate-Backed Securities refers to the following securities having a purpose of investment in Real Estate etc. in an amount exceeding one-half of the asset:
 - 1. Preferred contribution securities as defined under Article 2, Paragraph 9 of the Asset Liquidation Law (Law No. 105 of 1998)
 - 2. Beneficiary securities as defined under Article 2, Paragraph 12 of the Investment Trust Law
 - 3. Investment securities as defined under Article 2, Paragraph 22 of the Investment Trust Law
 - 4. Beneficiary securities of specified-purpose trusts as defined in Article 2 Paragraph 15 of the Asset Liquidation
- (c)The Investment Corporation may invest in the following Specified Assets in an effort to efficiently utilize surplus funds:
 - 1. Deposits
 - 2. Call loans
 - 3. Government bonds
 - 4. Local government bonds
 - 5. Bonds issued by corporations under special law
 - 6. Stock certificates (only when it is deemed essential or of benefit to the Investment Corporation in accordance with its Articles of Incorporation)
 - 7. Corporate bonds or debentures (excluding convertible bonds, bonds with stock subscription rights and bonds with stock acquisition rights)
 - 8. Specified bonds issued by special-purpose companies as defined under Article 2, Paragraph 1, Item 3-2 of the Securities and Exchange Law
 - 9. Commercial paper

- 10. Securities or instruments issued by a foreign country or a foreign corporation which are of the same nature as the securities or instruments enumerated in 3. through 9. above
- 11. Beneficiary securities
- 12. Investment securities
- 13. Investment corporation bonds
- 14. Foreign investment securities
- 15. Beneficiary interests in overseas loan trusts
- 16. Securities or instruments representing options
- 17. Depositary receipts
- 18. Transferable certificates of deposits denominated in Japanese yen issued by a foreign corporation
- 19. Beneficiary interests in loan trusts
- 20. Rights against a foreign corporation having the same nature as the rights enumerated in 19. above
- 21. Monetary claims
- 22. Rights relating to financial derivative transactions
- (d)The Investment Corporation may invest in trademark and other rights (trademark rights together with their exclusive and non-exclusive licenses) under the Trademark Law (Law No. 127 of 1959, as amended), the right to use sources of hot spring under the Hot Springs Law (Law No. 125 of 1948, as amended), and equipments relating to the said hot springs and other assets that do not, in accordance with the listing regulations of any stock exchange on which the Investment Corporation is listed, affect a listing if acquired by an investment corporation. However, investment may be made in cases in which it is deemed necessary or of benefit to the Investment Corporation's basic asset management policy or is deemed necessary or of benefit to the Investment Corporation's operations (including investment in trademark and other rights relating to the Investment Corporation's trade name).

Investment Restrictions

Restrictions under the Articles of Incorporation of the Investment Corporation

The Investment Corporation may not invest in real estates (including Real Estate etc. other than real estate and Real Estate-Backed Securities), which are not located in Japan.

◆Distribution Policies

The Investment Corporation shall make cash distributions in accordance with the following distribution policies:

Profit Distribution

- (a)As part of the total amount of the cash distributions payable to unitholders, the amount of profits provided for in Article 136, Paragraph 1 of the Investment Trust Law shall be calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Japan.
- (b)The Investment Corporation shall, in principle, pay cash distributions in an amount that exceeds 90% of the Investment Corporation's distributable income as stipulated in Article 67-15, Paragraph 1 of the Special Taxation Measures I aw

Distributions in Excess of Profits

In the event the distributable amount is less than 90% of distributable income, or when the Investment Corporation deems appropriate based on trends in the real estate market and other factors, the Investment Corporation may distribute an amount in excess of profits, provided that such amount does not exceed the amount of depreciation relating to fixed assets for the relevant business term. In such a case, however, if the cash distribution does not meet the conditions of special tax treatments for Investment Corporations, the amount decided by the Investment Corporation for the purpose of meeting the conditions may be distributed in cash. While the Investment Corporation shall make every effort to ensure stable cash distributions, it shall not make any distribution exceeding profits as long as tax law requires unitholders to individually calculate capital gains and losses each time they receive cash distributions exceeding profits. However, when the Board of Directors of the Investment Corporation decides that distributions exceeding profits is required in order to satisfy the requirements for special tax treatment or otherwise, cash distributions in excess of profits are allowed to be paid subject to the aforementioned cash distribution policies.

Method of Cash Distribution

Distributions shall be paid in cash and, in principle, within three months from the last day of each business term to unitholders and pledgees of record (as of the last day of each business term) in proportion to the number of investment units held.

Extinctive Prescription for Cash Distributions

The Investment Corporation shall be discharged from the obligation to pay cash distributions of profits to unitholders and pledgees of record three calendar years from the date of commencement of payment. Interest shall not accrue on unpaid cash distributions.

Regulations of the Investment Trusts Association of Japan

In addition to the distribution policies set out above, the Investment Corporation shall comply with the relevant regulations of the Investment Trusts Association of Japan.

♦ FINANCIAL SECTION

Balance Sheets	52
Statements of Income	54
Statements of Changes in Unitholders' Equity	55
Statements of Cash Flows	56
Notes to Financial Statements	57
Report of Independent Auditors	66

BALANCE SHEETS

(As of May 31, 2007 and November 30, 2006)

		Thousands of yer
	End of 7th Fiscal Period	End of 6th Fiscal Period
	(As of May 31, 2007)	(As of November 30, 2006)
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and bank deposits	¥ 16,357,279	¥ 13,415,457
Rent receivables	106,021	114,192
Consumption taxes refundable	41,517	_
Other current assets	154,837	11,235
Total current assets	16,659,654	13,540,884
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, AT COST:		
Land	94,023,627	90,345,222
Buildings and structures	72,805,906	70,552,193
Machinery and equipment	216,602	210,978
Tools, furniture and fixtures	56,633	31,459
Construction in progress	7,350	_
Subtotal	167,110,118	161,139,852
Less accumulated depreciation	(6,298,163)	(5,043,879)
Net property and equipment	160,811,955	156,095,973
INVESTMENTS AND OTHER ASSETS:		
Intangible assets	314	314
Security deposits paid	10,013	10,013
Long-term prepaid expenses	152,675	72,348
Organization costs	11,160	16,740
Corporate bond issuance expenses	40,885	61,327
TOTAL ASSETS	¥177,686,656	¥169,797,599

		Thousands of ye
	End of 7th Fiscal Period	End of 6th Fiscal Period
	(As of May 31, 2007)	(As of November 30, 2006
LIABILITIES and UNITHOLDERS' EQUITY		
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Trade accounts payable	¥ 307,576	¥ 247,256
Short-term debt	_	4,500,000
Long-term debt due for repayment within one year	10,200,000	5,500,000
Accrued expenses	282,770	252,857
Income taxes payable	1,001	996
Consumption taxes payable	_	198,670
Rent received in advance	957,011	913,760
Other current liabilities	18,939	20,385
Total current liabilities	11,767,297	11,633,924
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES: Corporate bonds Long-term debt Leasehold and security deposits received	25,000,000 34,700,000 13,574,061	25,000,000 28,000,000 12,576,157
Total long-term liabilities	73,274,061	65,576,157
Total Liabilities	85,041,358	77,210,081
UNITHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Unitholders' capital:		
Units authorized: 2,000,000 units as of May 31, 2007 and November 30, 2006		
Units issued and outstanding: 159,843 units as of May		
31, 2007 and November 30, 2006	89,838,680	89,838,680
Retained earnings	2,806,618	2,748,838
Total unitholders' equity	92,645,298	92,587,518
TOTAL LIABILITIES and UNITHOLDERS' EQUITY	¥177,686,656	¥169,797,599
TOTAL LIADILITIES AND UNITHOLDERS EQUIT	¥177,000,000	+109,191,599

STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(For the six months ended May 31, 2007 and November 30, 2006)

		Thousands of yen
-	7th Fiscal Period	6th Fiscal Period
	(December 1, 2006 -	(June 1, 2006 -
	May 31, 2007)	November 30, 2006)
OPERATING REVENUES		
Rental revenues	¥6,068,727	¥5,930,861
Other rental revenues	339,173	364,082
	6,407,900	6,294,943
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Property-related expenses	2,440,056	2,466,663
Asset management fees	472,277	460,807
Administrative service fees	89,823	91,005
Other operating expenses	127,757	128,625
	3,129,913	3,147,100
OPERATING INCOME	3,277,987	3,147,843
NON-OPERATING REVENUES		
Interest income	256	37
Other non-operating revenues	1,174	4,327
Canal risk operating revenues	1,430	4,364
NON-OPERATING EXPENSES		
Interest expense	289,179	219,727
Interest expense on corporate bonds	154,254	153,746
Amortization of corporate bond issuance expenses	20,442	20,442
Amortization of organization costs	5,580	5,580
Other non-operating expenses	2,315	2,881
	471,770	402,376
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	2,807,647	2,749,831
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES		
Current	1,049	1,002
Deferred	(2)	1
	1,047	1,003
NET INCOME	¥2,806,600	¥2,748,828

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN UNITHOLDERS' EQUITY

(For the six months ended May 31, 2007 and November 30, 2006)

				Thousands of yen
	Number of Units	Unitholders' Capital	Retained Earnings	Total Unitholders' Equity
BALANCE AS OF MAY 31, 2006	159,843	¥ 89,838,680	¥ 2,573,483	¥92,412,163
Cash distributions disbursed	-	_	(2,573,473)	(2,573,473)
Net income	_	_	2,748,828	2,748,828
BALANCE AS OF NOVEMBER 30, 2006	159,843	89,838,680	2,748,838	92,587,518
Cash distributions disbursed	_	_	(2,748,820)	(2,748,820)
Net income	_	_	2,806,600	2,806,600
BALANCE AS OF MAY 31, 2007	159,843	¥ 89,838,680	¥ 2,806,618	¥ 92,645,298

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(For the six months ended May 31, 2007 and November 30, 2006)

		Thousands of yen
	7th Fiscal Period	6th Fiscal Period
	(December 1, 2006 -	(June 1, 2006 -
	May 31, 2007)	November 30, 2006)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	\\ 0 = 10 001
Income before income taxes	¥ 2,807,647	¥ 2,749,831
Depreciation and amortization	1,254,283	1,223,406
Interest income	(256)	(37)
Interest expense and interest expense on corporate bonds	443,434	373,473
Amortization of organization costs	5,580	5,580
Amortization of corporate bond issuance expenses	20,442	20,442
Decrease in rent receivables	8,171	7,197
(Increase) decrease in consumption taxes refundable	(41,517)	202,844
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	(145,787)	137,977
(Increase) in long-term prepaid expenses	(56,952)	_
Increase (decrease) in trade accounts payable	304	(8,484)
(Decrease) increase in accrued expenses	(11,181)	10,742
(Decrease) increase in consumption taxes payable	(198,670)	169,409
Increase in rent received in advance	43,251	6,987
Other, net	(2,058)	(50)
Subtotal	4,126,691	4,899,317
Interest received	256	37
Interest paid	(423,528)	(318,509)
Income taxes paid	(1,044)	(1,012)
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,702,375	4,579,833
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of property and equipment	(5,910,250)	(1,991,139)
Proceeds from leasehold and security deposits received	1,090,782	110,756
Payments for leasehold and security deposits received	(92,878)	(123,771)
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,912,346)	(2,004,154)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Repayment of short-term debt	(4,500,000)	_
Proceeds from long-term debt	16,900,000	_
Repayment of long-term debt	(5,500,000)	_
Distributions to unitholders	(2,748,207)	(2,573,836)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	4,151,793	(2,573,836)
iver cash provided by (used in) illianding activities	4,151,793	(2,373,836)
NET CHANGES IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,941,822	1,843
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF	40	
PERIOD	13,209,927	13,208,084
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	¥16,151,749	¥13,209,927

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(May 31, 2007 and November 30, 2006)

1. ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Organization

United Urban Investment Corporation ("United Urban") is a real estate investment corporation formed to own and invest in retail properties, office buildings, hotels, and residential and other properties in Japan. United Urban is externally managed by a licensed asset management company, Japan REIT Advisors Co., Ltd. ("JRA"). JRA is currently owned 51% by Marubeni Corporation ("Marubeni"), 44% by Credit Suisse Principal Investments Limited, Tokyo Branch ("CSPI"), and 5% by Kyokuto Securities Co., Ltd. ("Kyokuto").

United Urban was founded on November 4, 2003, with an initial capitalization of ¥125 million, under the Law Concerning Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations of Japan ("Investment Trust Law"). United Urban was initially established by Trinity Investment Trust L.L.C., Marubeni, CSPI, Kyokuto, Yamato Life Insurance Co., and JRA.

On December 20, 2003, United Urban raised ¥36,633 million through an initial public offering of investment units, and on December 22, 2003, United Urban was listed on the J-REIT section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange. On December 1, 2004, United Urban raised ¥51,037 million through a second public offering of investment units.

As of May 31, 2007, the end of its seventh fiscal period, United Urban held ownership of, or beneficial interests in, 8 retail properties, 6 office buildings, 2 hotels, 17 residences and others, and 1 property which consisted of an office building and a hotel.

Basis of Presentation of Financial Statements

The accompanying financial statements of United Urban are prepared on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in Japan ("Japanese GAAP") which are different in certain respects as to the application and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards, and have been compiled from the financial statements prepared by United Urban as required by the Securities and Exchange Law and the Investment Trust Law of Japan.

The accompanying financial statements are a translation of the audited financial statements of United Urban, prepared in accordance with Japanese GAAP and presented in the Securities Report of United Urban filed with the Kanto Local Finance Bureau. In preparing the accompanying financial statements, certain reclassifications and modifications have been made to the financial statements issued domestically in order to present them in a format which is more familiar to readers outside Japan. In addition, the notes to the financial statements include information which might not be required under Japanese GAAP but is presented herein as additional information. The amounts in the filed financial statements originally prepared in Japanese, which were rounded down to the nearest thousand yen, have been rounded off to the nearest thousand in the accompanying financial statements.

United Urban's semiannual accounting periods end either at the end of May or November. United Urban's seventh fiscal period began on December 1, 2006 and ended on May 31, 2007.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The cost of land, buildings and structures includes the purchase prices of property, legal fees and other acquisition costs. Depreciation of property and equipment is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets which are summarized as follows:

	End of 7th Fiscal Period	End of 6th Fiscal Period
	(As of May 31, 2007)	(As of November 30, 2006)
Buildings and structures	2-55 years	2-55 years
Machinery and equipment	3-17 years	3-17 years
Tools, furniture and fixtures	5-15 years	5-15 years

Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are charged to operating expenses as incurred. Significant renewals and betterments are capitalized.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, cash held in trust, deposits with banks, deposits with banks held in trust and short-term, highly liquid investments which are readily convertible to cash with only an insignificant risk of any price fluctuation and with original maturities of three months or less.

Revenue Recognition

United Urban operates retail properties, office buildings, hotels and residential and other properties which are rented to tenants. Revenues from these leases are recognized on an accrual basis over the life of each lease. Rental revenues include rent received, the recovery of utility charges and certain other income.

Taxes on Property and Equipment

United Urban allocated the respective portion of property taxes and city planning taxes to the current period and charged this to property-related expenses.

In general, registered owners of properties in Japan as of January 1 are responsible for paying property taxes and city planning taxes for the calendar year based on assessments made by local governments. Consequently, registered owners who sold their properties to United Urban were liable for the property taxes and city planning taxes for the calendar year, including the period from the date of purchase by United Urban through the end of the year. United Urban paid an amount equivalent to the property taxes and city planning taxes applicable to the period commencing from the dates of purchase of the respective properties by United Urban through the end of the year, and included this as a capitalized cost in the purchase price of each property. ¥21,678 thousand and ¥9,351 thousand of such property taxes and city planning taxes were capitalized for the periods ended May 31, 2007 and November 30, 2006, respectively.

Corporate Bond Issuance Expenses

Corporate bond issuance expenses are amortized over a period of approximately three years, in equal amounts for each semiannual period.

Organization Costs

Organization costs are amortized over a period of approximately five years (comprising ten semiannual periods), in equal amounts for each semiannual period.

Accounting Treatment of Beneficial Interests in Entrusted Assets including Real Estate

For entrusted beneficial interests in real estate, all assets and liabilities within the assets held in trust as well as all income generated from, and expenses incurred on, assets held in trust are recorded in the relevant balance sheet and income statement accounts.

Income Taxes

Deferred income taxes are recognized by the asset and liability method. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the difference between the financial reporting and the tax bases of the assets and liabilities, and are measured using the enacted tax rates and laws which will be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse.

Consumption Taxes

Consumption taxes withheld and paid are not included in the accompanying statements of income. The consumption taxes paid are generally offset against the balance of consumption taxes withheld. As such, the excess of payments over the amounts withheld is included in current assets as "Consumption taxes refundable" and the excess of the amounts withheld over the amounts paid is included in current liabilities as "Consumption taxes payable."

Certain consumption tax payments relating to purchases of property and equipment are not deductible from consumption taxes withheld. Such consumption tax payments are capitalized and included in the respective acquisition costs of the property and equipment.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior period's financial statements to conform these to the presentation used for the period ended May 31, 2007.

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents at May 31, 2007 and November 30, 2006 were as follows:

		Thousands of yen
	End of 7th Fiscal Period	End of 6th Fiscal Period
	(As of May 31, 2007)	(As of November 30, 2006)
Cash and bank deposits	¥ 16,357,279	¥ 13,415,457
Restricted deposits with a bank	(205,530)	(205,530)
Cash and cash equivalents	¥ 16,151,749	¥ 13,209,927

4. SECURED ASSETS

At May 31, 2007 and November 30, 2006, the following assets were pledged as collateral for the following debts:

		Thousands of yen
Pledged Assets	End of 7th Fiscal Period	End of 6th Fiscal Period
	(As of May 31, 2007)	(As of November 30, 2006)
Cash and bank deposits	¥ 205,792	¥ 205,629
Land	2,114,743	2,114,743
Buildings and structures	2,970,220	3,033,304
Total	¥ 5,290,755	¥ 5,353,676
		Thousands of yen
Debt Secured by Pledged Assets	End of 7th Fiscal Period	End of 6th Fiscal Period
	(As of May 31, 2007)	(As of November 30, 2006)
Leasehold and security deposits received	¥1,783,378	¥1,783,378
Total	¥1,783,378	¥1,783,378

5. COMMITTED LINE OF CREDIT AGREEMENT

United Urban concluded the following committed line of credit agreement with a financial institution:

		Thousands of yen
	End of 7th Fiscal Period	End of 6th Fiscal Period
	(As of May 31, 2007)	(As of November 30, 2006)
Total amount of commitment	¥2,000,000	¥2,000,000
Outstanding borrowings at end of the period	_	_
Amount unutilized at end of the period	¥2,000,000	¥2,000,000

6. UNITHOLDERS' EQUITY

United Urban issues only units with no par value in accordance with the Investment Trust Law, under which United Urban is required to maintain at least ¥50 million as minimum net assets.

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt at May 31, 2007 and November 30, 2006 consisted of the following:

		Fiscal Period		Fiscal Period
	,	lay 31, 2007)	,	nber 30, 2006)
	Amount	Weighted-	Amount	Weighted-
	(Thousands of	average	(Thousands	average
	yen)	interest rate	of yen)	interest rate
Unsecured loans from banks and trust banks at fixed				
interest rates, due December 20, 2006	¥ —	_	¥ 5,500,000	0.682%
Unsecured loans from banks, trust banks, and an insurance				
company at fixed interest rates, due December 20, 2007	8,000,000	0.918%	8,000,000	0.918%
Unsecured loans from banks, trust banks, and an insurance				
company at fixed interest rates, due December 20, 2009	5,000,000	1.397%	5,000,000	1.397%
Unsecured loan from a bank at a fixed interest rate, due				
December 20, 2007	2,200,000	1.088%	2,200,000	1.088%
Unsecured loan from a trust bank at a variable interest rate,				
due December 20, 2008	6,850,000	0.986%	6,850,000	0.740%
Unsecured loan from a trust bank at a variable interest rate,				
due December 20, 2008	2,550,000	0.986%	2,550,000	0.739%
Unsecured loan from a federation at a fixed interest rate,				
due December 20, 2011	3,400,000	1.895%	3,400,000	1.895%
Unsecured loans from banks at fixed interest rates, due				
December 20, 2009	4,800,000	1.550%	_	_
Unsecured loans from banks at fixed interest rates, due				
December 20, 2009	5,600,000	1.477%	_	_
Unsecured loans from banks at fixed interest rates, due				
December 20, 2011	2,500,000	1.862%	_	_
Unsecured loan from a bank at variable interest rate, due				
December 20, 2011	4,000,000	1.053%		
Total	¥ 44,900,000		¥ 33,500,000	

8. CORPORATE BONDS

Corporate bonds at May 31, 2007 and November 30, 2006 consisted of the following:

		riscal Period ay 31, 2007)	End of 6th Fiscal Period (As of November 30, 2006)		
	Amount	Weighted-	Amount	Weighted-	
	(Thousands of	average	(Thousands of	average	
	yen)	interest rate	yen)	interest rate	
Series 1 unsecured bonds, due July 12, 2010	¥ 15,000,000	0.78%	¥ 15,000,000	0.78%	
Series 2 unsecured bonds, due July 10, 2015	10,000,000	1.91%	10,000,000	1.91%	
Total	¥ 25,000,000		¥ 25,000,000		

9. OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES

Operating revenues and expenses for the periods ended May 31, 2007 and November 30, 2006 were as follows:

		Thousands of yen
	7th Fiscal Period	6th Fiscal Period
	(December 1, 2006 -	(June 1, 2006 -
	May 31, 2007)	November 30, 2006)
Operating Revenues	¥ 6,407,900	¥ 6,294,943
Rental Revenues	6,068,727	5,930,861
Rental revenues	5,515,942	5,401,408
Common area charges	411,359	404,156
Parking revenues	125,858	113,485
Other	15,568	11,812
Other Rental Revenues	339,173	364,082
Incidental revenues	267,735	320,979
Temporary revenues (including cancellation charges)	60,721	32,507
Other miscellaneous revenues	10,717	10,596
Property-Related Expenses	2,440,056	2,466,663
Property and other taxes	450,710	450,214
Property management fees	336,637	340,200
Utilities	272,954	331,081
Casualty insurance	11,308	11,705
Repairs and maintenance	53,336	62,153
Depreciation and amortization	1,254,283	1,223,406
Other rental expenses	60,828	47,904
Profit from rental activities	¥ 3,967,844	¥ 3,828,280

10. INCOME TAXES

A reconciliation of the differences between the adjusted statutory tax rate and the effective tax rate for the periods ended May 31, 2007 and November 30, 2006 is summarized as follows:

	7th Fiscal Period	6th Fiscal Period
	(December 1, 2006 -	(June 1, 2006 -
	May 31, 2007)	November 30, 2006)
Statutory tax rate	39.39%	39.39%
Distributions of tax-deductible dividends	(39.37)%	(39.38)%
Other	0.02%	0.03%
Effective tax rate	0.04%	0.04%

United Urban is subject to income taxes in Japan. United Urban's policy is to make dividend distributions in excess of 90% of taxable income for each fiscal period in order to meet the conditions set forth in the Special Taxation Measures Law of Japan concerning the deductibility of cash dividends paid for income tax purposes. Based on this policy, United Urban made dividend distributions of approximately 100% of its retained earnings in aggregate amounts of ¥2,806,523 thousand and ¥2,748,820 thousand at May 31, 2007 and November 30, 2006, respectively, and treated these distributions as tax deductions. United Urban does not distribute cash dividends in excess of its retained earnings in accordance with its Articles of Incorporation.

11. PER UNIT INFORMATION

The calculation of net assets per unit is based on the number of units outstanding at the period end, and the calculation of net income per unit is based on the weighted-average number of units outstanding during the period. Net assets per unit and net income per unit at May 31, 2007 and November 30, 2006 and for the six-month periods then ended are summarized as follows:

-		Yen
	7th Fiscal Period	6th Fiscal Period
	(December 1, 2006 -	(June 1, 2006 -
	May 31, 2007)	November 30, 2006)
Net assets per unit at the period end	¥ 579,601	¥ 579,240
Net income per unit	¥ 17,558	¥ 17,197
Weighted-average number of units	159,843	159,843

12. LEASES

United Urban leases properties on which rental revenue is earned. At May 31, 2007 and November 30, 2006, future lease revenues under non-cancelable operating leases are summarized as follows:

		Thousands of yen
	End of 7th Fiscal Period	End of 6th Fiscal Period
	(As of May 31, 2007)	(As of November 30, 2006)
Due within one year	¥ 5,452,402	¥ 5,454,169
Due after one year	31,891,234	33,478,064
Total	¥ 37,343,636	¥ 38,932,233

13. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

(Seventh Fiscal Period: December 1, 2006 - May 31, 2007)

1. Asset Management Companies and Related Parties

						Thou	sands of yen	
Company Name	Section	Share of Voting Rights (%)	Concurrently Serving Directors	Description of Transactions	Amount of Transactions (Note 1)	Account	Balance at the End of the Period	
Marubeni Corporation	Wholesale Industry	0.7	None	Brokerage Commissions	¥ 79,680	_	¥ –	
				Property Leasing	145,409	Rent receivables	14,625	
				Property Leasing	145,409	Security deposits received	47,587	
Benny Estate	Real Estate		None	Property Management Fees	21,267	Trade accounts payable	2,978	
Service Co., Ltd.	Management	_	None	Construction Management Fees	187	Trade accounts payable	114	
				Other Rental Expenses	810	_	_	
				Construction Costs	2,153	_	_	
	Real Estate –	_	None	Property Management Fees	9,034	Trade accounts payable	247	
				Construction Management Fees	1,268	Trade accounts payable	621	
Marubeni Real Estate Co., Ltd.				Other Rental Expenses	443	Trade accounts payable	360	
				Other Rental Expenses (Communications)	86	Trade accounts payable	26	
Marubeni Safenet Co., Ltd.	Insurance Agency	-	None	Casualty Insurance	11,008	Long-term prepaid expenses	56,952	
				Property Management Fees	94,210	Trade accounts payable	16,485	
Marubeni Properties Co., Ltd.	Real Estate Management	-	None	Construction Management Fees	4,071	Trade accounts payable	2,056	
				Other Rental Expenses	18,463	_	_	
The Daiei, Inc.	Supermarket		None	Property Leasing	528,000	Security deposits received	880,000	
The Dalei, Inc.	Supermarket	_	none	Froperty Leasing	520,000	Rent received in advance	92,400	
The Marueteu Inc	Cuparmarisat		None	Proporty Logging	40.269	Security deposits received	739,000	
The Maruetsu, Inc.	Supermarket	Supermarket	_	None	None Property Leasing	40,268	Rent received in advance	12,648

2. Asset Custodian

						Thou	usands of yen
Company Name	Section	Share of Voting Rights (%)	Concurrently Serving Directors	Description of Transactions	Amount of Transactions	Account	Balance at the End of the Period
Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.	Trust Bank	0.0	None	Administrative Service Fee	¥ 54,046	Accrued expenses	¥ 28,686
	0.0	None	Custodian Fee	47,979	-	_	

(Notes)

^{1. &}quot;Amount of Transactions" is stated exclusive of consumption taxes; however, "Balance at the End of the Period" is stated inclusive of consumption taxes.

^{2.} Decisions relating to the terms and conditions of these related party transactions are based on actual market conditions.

(Sixth Fiscal Period: June 1, 2006 - November 30, 2006)

1. Asset Management Companies and Related Parties

						Thou	sands of yen	
Company Name	Section	Share of Voting Rights (%)	Concurrently Serving Directors	Description of Transactions	Amount of Transactions (Note 1)	Account	Balance at the End of the Period	
						Rent receivables	¥ 14,787	
				Property Leasing	¥ 144,859	Security deposits received	47,587	
Benny Estate Service Co., Ltd.	Real Estate Management	_	None	Property Management Fees	21,333	Trade accounts payable	2,978	
İ				Construction Management Fees	265	Trade accounts payable	162	
				Other Rental Expenses	43	_	_	
			Property Management Fees 8,255			8,255	_	-
Marubeni Real			None	Construction Management Fees	1,525	Trade accounts payable	105	
Estate Co., Ltd.	Real Estate	eal Estate –		Other Rental Expenses	90	-	_	
				Other Rental Expenses (Communications)	59	Trade accounts payable	2	
Marubeni Safenet Co., Ltd.	Insurance Agency	-	None	Casualty Insurance	11,404	Prepaid expenses	1,329	
Maruhani				Property Management Fees	94,023	Trade accounts payable	16,440	
Properties ('o	Real Estate Management	_	None	Construction Management Fees	1,841	Trade accounts payable	1,187	
				Other Rental Expenses	10,350	Trade accounts payable	3,240	
The Daiei, Inc. Superma	Suparmarkat		N	·	504.500	Security deposits received	880,000	
	Supermarket – None	INUITE	Property Leasing	504,533	Rent received in advance	92,400		

2. Asset Custodian

						Thou	usands of yen
Company Name	Section	Share of Voting Rights (%)	Concurrently Serving Directors	Description of Transactions	Amount of Transactions	Account	Balance at the End of the Period
Mizuho Trust &	Trust Bank	0.0	None	Administrative Service Fee	¥ 54,276	Accrued expenses	¥ 28,339
Banking Co., Ltd.	Trust Darik	0.0	NONE	Custodian Fee	38,014	-	_

14. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Cash Distribution

On July 18, 2007, the Board of Directors of United Urban approved a resolution for the payment of a cash distribution of ¥17,558 per unit, amounting to ¥2,806,523 thousand in the aggregate, to unitholders of record as of May 31, 2007.

⁽Notes)
1. "Amount of Transactions" is stated exclusive of consumption taxes; however, "Balance at the End of the Period" is stated inclusive of consumption taxes.

^{2.} Decisions relating to the terms and conditions of these related party transactions are based on actual market conditions.

Report of Independent Auditors

The Board of Directors and Unitholders of

United Urban Investment Corporation

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of United Urban Investment Corporation as of May 31, 2007 and November 30, 2006, and the related statements of income, changes in unitholders' equity, and cash flows for the six-month periods then ended, all expressed in yen. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of United Urban Investment Corporation at May 31, 2007 and November 30, 2006, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the six-month periods then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

Ernst & young Shin hihon

August 30, 2007

Corporate Data

Set out below is certain corporate data of United Urban Investment Corporation ("United Urban") as of May 31, 2007:

Corporate Name: United Urban Investment Corporation

Corporate Office: Shiroyama Trust Tower

4-3-1, Toranomon, Minato-ku, Tokyo 105-6018, Japan

Tel: +81-3-5402-3189

http://www.united-reit.co.jp

Date of Incorporation: November 4, 2003
Paid-in Capital: ¥89,838,680,160

Number of Unitholders: 7,485

Transfer Agent: The Chuo Mitsui Trust and Banking Company, Limited

3-33-1, Shiba, Minato-ku, Tokyo 105-8574, Japan

Business Office of the Transfer Agent: Stock Transfer Agency Department of The Chuo Mitsui Trust and Banking Company,

Limited

2-8-4, Izumi, Suginami-ku, Tokyo 168-0063, Japan

Independent Auditors: Ernst & Young ShinNihon

Hibiya Kokusai Bldg.

2-2-3, Uchisaiwai-cho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-0011, Japan

Stock Listing: Tokyo Stock Exchange (Securities Code: 8960)

Fiscal Period: Fiscal period is six-months ending on May 31 and November 30

Investor Relations: For further information, please contact our Asset Management Company:

Japan REIT Advisors Co., Ltd.

Chief Financial Officer Shiroyama Trust Tower

4-3-1, Toranomon, Minato-ku, Tokyo 105-6018, Japan

Tel: +81-3-5402-3189

Disclaimer

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The financial statements of United Urban have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Japan "Japanese GAAP", which may materially differ in certain respects from generally accepted accounting principles in other jurisdictions.

This semiannual report contains forward-looking statements. These statements appear in a number of places in this semiannual report and include statements regarding the intent, belief, or current and future expectations of United Urban or JRA with respect to its business, financial condition and results of operations. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terms such as "may," "will," "should," "would," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "predict," "potential," or the negative of these terms or other similar terminology. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to various risks and uncertainties. Actual results, performance or achievements, or those of the industries in which we operate, may differ materially from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. In addition, these forward-looking statements are necessarily dependent upon assumptions, estimates and data that may be incorrect or imprecise and involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements regarding operating revenues, operating income, net income or profitability from portfolio are particularly subject to a variety of assumptions, some or all of which may not be realized. Accordingly, readers of this document should not interpret the forward-looking statements included herein as predictions or representations of future events or circumstances.

Potential risks and uncertainties also include those identified and discussed in this document. Given these risks and uncertainties, readers of this document are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of information produced herein. We disclaim any obligation to update or, except in the limited circumstances required by the Tokyo Stock Exchange, announce publicly any revisions to any of the forward-looking statements contained in this documents.

